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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 114 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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REINSTATEMENT OF EVACUEES

Delhi Pact Clauses Clarified

BENGALS, ASSAM CHIEF MINISTERS CONFER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DACCA, MAY 15.

YET ANOTHER STEP TOWARDS IMPLEMENTING THE NEHRU-LIAQUAT PACT ON MINORITIES WAS TAKEN WHEN THE CHIEF MINISTERS OF WEST BENGAL AND ASSAM MET HERE TODAY.

Measures necessary to facilitate the return of the evacuees to their original homes formed the main plank of the one-day conference. Agreed decisions were taken in some respects and in some others the outstanding differences were narrowed down.

While Mr. C. C. Biswas, Minister of State, External Affairs, was setting up his headquarters at the Branch Secretariat of the External Affairs Ministry at Calcutta, the East Bengal Government set up a five-member Advisory Committee presided over by the Provincial Relief Commissioner to advise the State on the recovery of abducted women.

The P.T.I. adds:

Besides Mr. Aziz Ahmed, Chief Secretary of East Bengal Government, and the two visiting Chief Secretaries from Assam and West Bengal, the conference was attended by East Bengal's Relief Commissioner, Mr. N. M. Khan and the Home Secretary Mr. M. Afzar.

The Chief Minister met here to discuss ways and means to further implement the Indo-Pakistan agreement. Particular attention was, it is stated, paid to the implimentation of clause five of Section B of the agreement, which lays down that rights of ownership in or occupancy of immovable property of a migrant shall not be disturbed. Also where the migrant was the cultivating owner or tenant the land shall be restored to him provided he returned not later than December 31, 1950.

The Chief Ministers West Bengal and Assam, Dr. B. C. Roy and Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi lunched with Mr. Nurul, Amin Prime Minister of East Bengal, and after a brief second session in the afternoon left for Calcutta at 4 p.m.

OFFICIAL NOTE

The following joint press note has been issued at the conclusion of the conference this afternoon:

"The Chief Ministers of West Bengal and Assam and the Prime Minister of East Bengal met in a conference at Dacca this morning at 10-30

(Continued on Page 5).

SWING IN TURKISH ELECTION

ISTANBUL, May 15. (PTI-Reuter).

A surprise victory for the Turkish Opposition Democrat Party seemed almost certain as party leaders claimed this afternoon that unofficial results of yesterday's elections gave them 350 of the 465 seats in the new Assembly.

Observers thought success was now impossible for the popular Republican Party, which has ruled Turkey for 27 years.

The Democratic triumph was considered triking amid the uncertainties of the international situation.

Internally, a Democrat Government will mean an extension of civil liberties as well as less State interference in economic affairs.

Celal Bayar, 63-year-old banker-leader of the Democrat Party, said at Ankara, "we have won a victory".

Our Lady Of Fatima In Bangalore

BANGALORE, May 15 (PTI)—Catholic devotees in their thousands were present at the Hindustan aerodrome today to give a magnificent welcome to the statute of Our Lady of Fatima when it arrived here by plane this afternoon on the last lau of its tour of India and Pakistan.

The statue was received by the Bishop of Bangalore and taken in procession in a car from the aerodrome first to the St. Joseph's Indian High School and then to the St. Francis Xavier's Cathedral.

MADRAS WATCHING BOMBAY

2% Beer Experiment

MADRAS, May 15. (PTI): The Madras Government is watching "with interest" the practical working of the Bombay Government's exemption to the unrestricted sale of beer containing two per cent or less alcohol, Mr. N. Sanjeeva Reddi, Minister for Prohibition, said here today.

Mr. Reddy added that a few months hence the Madras Government, if necessary, would depute an officer to Bombay to study the working of the scheme. If it were found that the objects of prohibition were not defeated by the exemption of the sale of beer, the question of granting similar exemtions in Madras might be considered by the State Government, the Minister said.

AHEAD OF SOUND

WASHINGTON, May 15 (PTI-Reuter):

TESTS of large scale ranket engines at simulated altitudes of 100,000 feet and at four times the speed of sound begun in a newly completed test Chamber at Daingerfield, Texas, the Defence Department announced today.

The new Chamber makes possible for the first time high altitude tests with full-size Ramjet engines up to 48 inches in diameter.

The Ramjet is being used in supersonic guided missiles.

80th Birth Anniversary Of Lenin

On the 80th birth anniversary of V. I. Lenin, the great founder of the Soviet State, heads and members of the diplomatic representations of People's Democracies in the U.S.S.R. visited the Lenin Mausoleum and placed wreaths on behalf of their embassies and legations.

Shown here are representatives of the embassy of the Mongo lian People's Republic at the mausoleum.

Support To Asian Nations Against Communist Menace

FIRST MOVE TOWARDS MASTER PLAN

SYDNEY, May 15, (PTI-Reuter).

DELEGATES of seven British Commonwealth countries met here today to decide first moves in a "master plan" to bolster South and South-East Asian countries against Communism.

After the first day's sittings of the Commonwealth Consultative Council, set up following January's Colombo Conference. this communique was issued:

"A discussion was commenced on proposals of the respective governments for implementation of recommendations of the Colombo Conference. Suggestions were made for raising the living standards for the peoples of the area. The discussion will continue tomorrow".

When the conference opened this morning, Mr. Percy Spender, Australian Minister for External Affairs, sounded this keynote, "Great visions are not always realised," he told delegates of India, Pakistan, Britain, Canada, Ceylon and New Zealand. "But we can steadfastly try to make them come true".

Delegates are meeting at Admiralty House, the Sydney residence of Mr W. J. McKell, Australian Governor-General. They are expected to hold daily sessions for about a week. After this morning's opening addresses, reporters were excluded. Australian newspapers have taken a keen interest in the discussion.

These things had to be combatted in Asia:

(One) low standards, of living, (two) dislocated domestic economies and overseas trade and (three) special

(Continued on Pape 5)

Daughter For Seretse

SEROWE, May 15. (PTI-Reuter).

RUTH KHAMA, English wife of Seretse Khama, today gave birth here to a seven pounds four ounces daughter.

Her husband, Chieftain-designate of the Bamangwato Tribe, was given permission to travel from exile in neighbouring Lobatsi to see his wife.

During the past twentyfour hours, 9,165 Hindus and 2.501 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 6.072 Hindus and 3,28 Muslims left, states a West Bengal Government press note issued on Monday night.

STRENGTHENING SOCIALIST PARTY

Effective Move To Enforce Discipline

POONA, May 15, (PTI).

THE Bombay State Socialist Party Conference here recommended to the National Executive of the Party to take "effective steps to counter factional tendencies lately appearing in the Party."

The resolution on the "state of the Party" which embodies this recommendation was adopted at a closed session of the Conference held last night but the resolution was released to the press today.

The resolution said while the Conference recorded its appreciation of the efforts made by the Party to "move and enthuse" the masses since the last National Conference at Patna, it had failed to transform the prevalent mood of frustration and apathy into a new wave of peoples' upsurge".

This failure, in its opinion, was in no small measure due to "lack of discipline and other internal weaknesses of the Party". Declaring that the Party had to provide effective leadership to the masses and not merely passively reflect their mood, the resolution stated: "For this it is necessary to maintain strict discipline and zealously safeguard and preserve the revolutionary integrity and unity of the party".

IDEOLOGICAL GROUPS

It was understood that an amendment to the resolution to the effect that "ideological groups" should be permitted within the Party was moved and caused a prolonged discussion. The amendment was, however, withdrawn and the resolution passed unanimously.

A spokesman of the party stated that the amendment was withdrawn because its supporters were convinced of the view that factions within a party with a view to changing its policy would only defeat its purpose. He added that "dissensions, if any, in the Party, had disappeared" with the unanimous acceptance of the resolution by all.

The Bombay State Socialist Party at its conference here today supported the stand of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha in regard to the two labour bills, now before Parliament, and the six-point programme recommended by it to stem unemployment and stop "the burden of economic difficulties thrown on the workers."

Welcoming the decision of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha to launch an all-out opposition to the two labour bills, the resolution called upon Socialists in the state to assist the Sabha in its programme of demonstrations and "help unfolding of protest into direct action against the obnoxious bills".

Holding that the labour policy of Government was of a "retrogade character", the resolution said that it had "estranged workers and made them cynical resulting in harm to the community".

Socialists Are United

ASOKA MEHTA DENIES REPORTS

POONA, May 15 (UPI)—Shri Asoka Mehta, the newly-elected Chairman of the Socialist Party of the Bombay State, emphatically denied this morning there were any internal dissensions within the party. "The health of the Socialist Party is as sound as that of a bull", he declared, and added that the resolution on internal state of the party adopted by the party conference last night without a division bore ample testimony to the fact that the party was in sound health.

He, however, admitted that "there are differences and there should be differences". Young earnest and devoted people had a right, he said, to place their point of view. At the party conference, one section of delegates wanted lay more emphasis on class struggle while the other section on constructive activity. But whatever differences there were, Shri Mehta said, they were discussed in a truly democratic spirit.

FIRM FOUNDATIONS

"Out of sharp clashes emerges confluence and conciliation", he stated. Shri Mehta, who was addressing a press conference, revealed that the Bombay State Socialist Party had an individual membership of 24,000 and collective membership (organised workers) of 16,000. Individual membership was overwhelmingly drawn from the industrial workers and peasants, he said, which went to show that the party wwas established on a firm basis.

The Socialist Party for the whole of the State of Bombay was formed in accordance with the revised constitution of the all India party and its first session was held here during the last two days. The formation of the State parties Shri Mehta said, did not mean that they accepted or endorsed the present boundaries of the States.

The Socialist Party stod committed to linguistic division or redistribution. The State parties were being formed with a view to co-ordinating election efforts as the elections would be held on a State basis, he said.

Nations Bound By Common Ideas

ATTLEE ON WORKING OF COMMONWEALTH

LONDON, May 15. (PTI-Reuter).

BRITISH Prime Minister Clement Attlee today described the British Commonwealth as a "unique organisation—the only instance where an Empire has been built up by a powerful State, which has, by deliberate policy, transferred its power to those who were formerly subordinates and made them equal partners".

Addresing 6,000 youths and girls at a world forum of youth here, he said: "Twice in my lifetime the great test of war has came and ill-defined a structure as the British Commonwealth of nations would prove weak and break up.

"On the contrary, it proved stronger than States which from the point of view of a paper constitution seemed to be far more closely knit together"

Clement Attlee

The reason was that "co-operation between nations and between peoples and States does not depend on the perfection of written constitutions, but on the will to co-operate and on the acceptance of common ideas". Mr Attlee added.

Indonesian Charge

DJAKARTA, May 15 (PTI-Reuter)

Indonesian authorities today attacked the Dutch Government for failing to control its ex-Indian troops in the Federal area and claimed Holland was responsible for damage to the extent of 200,000,000 Guilders in recent local risings.

Solving Indo-Pakistan Canal Dispute

JOINT CONFERENCE BEGINS IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, May 15, (PTI).

THE Indo-Pakistan Engineers Conference on the canal water dispute met here this morning for about three hours and held discussions on technical matters relating to water resources of the Indus River Basin.

The discussions are stated to have been held in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The engineers will meet again tomorrow morning to continue the talks.

The present talks are understood to be in continuation of the Karachi talks of March last when technical discussions between the two countries took place. The basis of the talks was India's proposal made at the Indo-Pakistan Ministers Conference at Delhi in August last that as a step towards the solution of the canal water dispute, a joint technical survey of the total water resources of the Indus Basin should be carried out with a view to making eventually an equitable distribution of these resources between the two countries.

It is held in informed circles here that it is to the advantage of Pakistan herself that she should seek a solution of her difficulties by utilising the vast quantity of her own rivers now running waste. It is suggested that the country would have adequate water if only the rivers were connected up with a canal system. The limited waters in the rivers on the Indian side of the Punjab, it is stated, are hardly sufficient for irrigating undeveloped lands in the Punjab where vast numbers of refugees are being resettled.

Jute Starts Moving

CALCUTTA, May 15. (PTI): About fifty thousand bales of Pakistan jute have so far arrived in Calcutta since the signing of the Indo-Pakistan trade agreement in Karachi on April 21, it was learnt here today.

The supplies, which have already been distributed to Indian mills arrived in Calcutta in flats consigned to the Indian Jute Mills Association, which acts as distributor for the mills. Further quantities are expected to reach here shortly.

Indo-Pakistan Rail Traffic

PLAN FOR RESUMPTION DISCUSSED

NEW DELHI, May 15. (PTI)

Representatives of the Governments of India and Pakistan met today to discuss the resumption of normal rail movement between the two countries. The discussions were carried out in a cordial atmosphere and covered a wide range of subjects affecting rail traffic. The meeting will continue tomorrow.

The Indian delegation was led by Mr. A. K. Chanda, Financial Commissioner of Railways, and was composed of Messrs. S.S. Vasist and V. Nilakantan, Members of the Railway Board, Mr. G.R. Kamath, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Finance, Mr. A.B Chatterjee, Joint Secretary, Ministry of States, and N.C. Deb, Director of Finance, Railway Board.

The Pakistan delegation was led by Mr. F.M. Khan, Director-General of Railways, Pakistan, and was composed of Mr. G. Farukue, Secretary to the Pakistan Government, Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed, Financial Adviser, Communications, Mr. S.S. Suhrawardi, General Manager, E.B. Railway, and Mr. Abbasi, Joint Director, Traffic.

Court Summons M. N. Roy

BOMBAY, Monday

Mr. M. N. Roy, the Radical leader, Miss Maniben Kara, a Labour worker of Bombay and Mr. V. B Karnik, Editor of the "Radical Humanist" were today summoned to appear before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, for violation of Sections 5 or the Indian Official Secrets Act.

RETRENCHMENT DRIVE IS ON

5 Per Cent Cut In All Official Posts

BOMBAY, Monday

THE Government of Bombay have issued orders for immediate retrenchment of 5 per cent in each cadre or class of post, and have accordingly directed the heads of departments and other authorities, except officers of the High Court. it is reliably learnt today.

The number of posts to be retrenched, it is further learnt, would be calculated at 5 per cent of the cadre or class of posts as a whole, including permanent as well as temporary posts, but only temporary posts should be abolished at this stage. The percentage may be lower than 5 in the case of essential services and posts, provided that sufficient justification is given for fixing a lower percentage. The percentage may be raised up to 10 in the case of cadres like those of clerks and peons where heads of departments consider this to be immediately feasible by judicious redistribution of work.

DIRECTION

The State Government have further directed that temporary Government servants only should be selected for discharge in the order of juniority, that is, the junior-most persons should be first retrenched, subject to the qualifications that (a) re-employ pensioners should be first discharged. irrespective of their length of service after re-employment, except in cases where they cannot be replaced by other persons in the department; (b) temporary Government servants, whose work is so consistently unsatisfactory that to retain them in Government service, wnile others are discharged from it, would not be justifiable should be discharged in preference to other temporary Government servants. (c) displaced persons should not be discharged under this preliminary retrenchment, as the problem of their rehabilitation is already very acute and discharge is likely to entail greater hardship on them than on those domiciled in this state; and (d) permanent employees of the merged states, though they may have been absorbed in Government service in temporary posts, should be treated as permanent Government servants and should not, therefore, be discharged at this stage.

This reduction in establishments is resorted to, it is stated, so that the expenditure during the earlier part of the current year may not altogether escape the 6 1/2 per cent cut imposed on this year's budget provision under pay of officers and establishment and dearness allowance.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Teachers (1) Arts and Science Graduates in all subjects. (2) Kandivalli long termer and (3) Lady Teachers for the Schools run by the Mandal. Experienced and qualified preferred. Apply to the Secretary, Sarva Vidyalaya Kelavani Mandal, KADI (N.G.)

Wanted experienced Lino Operator. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 2001 "Bombay Chronicle"

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Business Career—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Diploma Courses, such as Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and Auditors, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand etc. Morning classes. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (1842)

Local Self Government Service.—Trading Classes for Government Recognised 'L.S.G.D.' Diploma reopen from 10th July 1950. For free Prospectus apply Local Self Government Institute, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. 7817

Learn Shorthand by post in 6 weeks. Practical training. Booklet free. India College Of Shorthand, Guntur. (1833)

Homoeopathy easily learnt. Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

Wanted Rare Books on Botany and Zoology Banwari Lal Jain: **Rare** Bookseller: Moti Katra, Agra. 1831

INVESTMENT

Invest Rs. 5,000/- at Bombay against desired guarantee or Security dividend Rs. 100/- payable monthly write Box 1844, "Bombay Chronicle".

FINANCE AND PARTNERSHIP

Wanted a capable Partner, knowing the line and able invest fifteen to twenty thousands for reorganizing expanding a running factory in Mahim manufacturing Fruitjuices, Mineral waters, Syrups. **Contact** Onward Trading Company opposite Gokaldas Hospital, **third floor** between 11 and 2. (1845)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted travelling Com. Agents for booking orders for our cotton and silk carpets of various patterns and designs. Apply for details to The Ananda Industrials, Bhavani, South India. (1832)

Wanted Agents on pay Rs. 400/- P.M. and on 20 p.c. commission for our fountainpens .... Melco-Tower Pen Co., S. B. Delh. (1815)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Pure silk shawls fine shades size 104 x 52 Rs. 10/- post free wanted agent, Manohar Textiles, Ludhiana. (1830)

PUBLIC NOTICES

S.S. "BAMORA" AND S.S. "BARPETA"

FOR SALE as they lie at Bombay s.s. "BAMORA" and s.s. "BARPETA" for breaking up only. Inspection may be arranged on application to Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Bombay. Sealed tenders will be received by Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., 16 Strand Road, Calcutta, up till noon 6th June, 1950 either for each ship separately or jointly. Rs. 10,000/- must be deposited as earnest money in cash either at Calcutta or Bombay in respect of each ship for which an offer is submitted.

7814

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the immediate supply of:

1,000 Street Lighting Fittings suitable for 250 watts H. P. Mercury Vapour Lamps,

or

300-500 Watts Gas-filled T. F. Lamps

AND

500 Street Lighting Fittings suitable for 80-120 Watts H. P. M. V. Lamps

or

75-200 Watts Gas-filled T. F. Lamps.

Alternatively, fittings suitable for Fluorescent Lights may also be quoted for.

Delivery Immediate.

Tenders will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, upto noon on Tuesday, the 23rd instant.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper.

(7820)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

SALE OF TWO COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING FACTORIES, SITUATE AT AMRAOTI in the District of Berar, Madhya Pradesh, belonging to Messrs. Toyo Menka Kaisha, Limited, and Nippon Menkwa Kabushiki Kaisha (Japan Cotton Trading Company, Limited) and now vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property for India.

The Custodian of Enemy Property for India, in whom the above Factories and the assets therein are vested, invites tenders for the purchase of both or either of the two Factories, etc., more fully described below, comprising lands, buildings, and machinery and other equipment, appertaining to what are known as the Japanese Cotton Ginning and pressing Factories at Amraoti in the District of Berar. Tenders are to be made out mentioning separately the price or prices offered on the two following alternative basis, viz:—

(i) that the godowns and factory premises at present in possession of the existing tenants will be vacated and delivered to the purchaser within three months from the date of sale;

(ii) that the said godowns and factory premises will be vacated and delivered to the purchaser within eighteen months from the date of sale.

2. Tender forms along with particulars of the properties and the conditions subject to which the tenders are invited can be had from the Office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at the address given below upon payment of a sum of Rs. 10/- per copy. Tender forms duly filled in and placed in a sealed cover marked "Tenders for the purchase of Amraoti Factories" and ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED BY NAME should reach the office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at "Caltex House", Ballard Road, Bombay, by 12 noon of the 12th day of June, 1950. Tenders so received will be opened in the office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at 11 a.m. on the following day.

3. The Custodian shall have the right to accept the Tender in part for any one or more lots unless the tenderer expressly stipulates to the contrary in the Tender. The Custodian is not bound to accept the highest or any tender and may at his discretion put up all or any of the properties for sale by public auction or otherwise. The offer contained in the Tender shall be kept open and shall not be withdrawn by the person or persons making the Tender until the 5th day of July, 1950.

4. Each Tender must be accompanied by a DEPOSIT RECEIPT for an amount equivalent to 10 per cent of the total value of the Tender TO BE DEPOSITED AS EARNEST MONEY (CLASSIFIED UNDER THE HEAD "REVENUE DEPOSIT") AT ANY GOVERNMENT TREASURY OR ANY OFFICE OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA OR ANY BRANCH OF THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA IN FAVOUR OF THE CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY. The deposit will be refunded but without any interest thereon if the Tender is not accepted. The purchaser will be required to accept constructive delivery of the property within 30 days of the notification of the acceptance of his Tender on payment of the full purchase price.

5. Brief particulars of the properties are as follows:—

LOT NO. I:— Lot No. I comprises lands hereditaments buildings and premises together with the engines, boiler and other machinery fixed thereto, details of which are given in the Tender documents. The lands admeasuring about 6 acres and 32 gunthas include a built up area of 1 acre and 7.55 gunthas. The tenure of the land is equivalent to Freehold. The property belonged to the Toyo Menka Kaisha, Limited.

LOT NO. II:— Lot No. II comprises lands hereditaments and premises, together with engines, boiler and other machinery fixed thereto, details of which are given in the Tender documents. The lands admeasuring about 12 acres and 17 gunthas include a built up area of about 24 1/2 gunthas. The property belonged to the Japan Cotton Trading Company, Limited.

6. Full details of the above properties are given in the Tender documents. The properties are offered for sale as they are, with all faults and errors of description and no guarantee is given by the undersigned regarding their performance or suitability for any purpose. In both the Factories there are certain hutments and structures for residential purposes which are in the occupation of monthly tenants. The factories with the hutments and structures will be sold subject to the existing tenancies.

7. Both the Factories are parties to Amraoti Cotton Ginning and Pressing Pool Agreements, the Custodians whereof are Messrs. Volkart Brothers, Bombay. The sale will be subject to the terms and conditions of the aforesaid Pooling Agreements, which shall be binding on the person or persons to whom the property or properties may be sold. The Agreements will expire on the 31st August 1952.

8. No trial runs will in any case be arranged. Intending purchasers may however satisfy themselves in all respects before offering to purchase both or either of the properties mentioned above. Permits to view the factories will be issued along with the Tender forms.

Dated this 21st day of April, 1950.

S. K. SEN

Custodian of Enemy Property.

"Caltex House", Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

7666

PUBLIC NOTICES

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

ADVERTISEMENT

EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO THE SUBORDINATE CLERICAL AND ALLIED SERVICES IN THE INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION for recruitment to the following services in Bombay Circle, Bombay Telephone District and Office of the Controller of Telegraph Stores, will be held on Sunday, the 30th July, 1950, at the following centres—Bombay, Ahmedabad, Poona, Rajkot, Sholapur, Belgaum, Surat, Nasik, Dharwar, Ratnagiri.

2. Details of the services and scales of pay:—

(1) First Division Clerks in Postmaster-General's Office, Bombay, Office of the Controller of Telegraph Stores, Sewri, Bombay and the Telephone District Bombay in the scale of Rs. 68-4-120 E.B.-5-170 plus usual allowances.

(2) Clerks and Sorters in subordinate Post Offices, Telegraph Offices, Engineering Divisions, Dead Letter Office Bombay and Railway Mail Service in the scale of Rs. 60-4-120 E.B.-5-170 plus usual allowances.

(3) Clerks, Telephone Branch, Ahmedabad in the scale of Rs. 60-4-120 E.B.-5-170 plus usual allowances.

(4) Telegraphists in the scale of Rs. 60-4-120 E.B.-5-170 with usual allowances.

(5) Telephone Operators in the scale of Rs. 60-4-120 E.B. 5-170 plus usual allowances.

3. Subjects for the examination will include English, Arithmetic and Geography. More details will be supplied along with the recruitment rules application form etc.

4. The examination is open to candidates of both sexes of all communities, who are not less than 18 years and not more than 23 years of age on the date of examination i.e. (born between 31-7-1927 and 30-7-1932, both days inclusive) In case of Telegraphists minimum age will be not less than 17 years on the date of examination. Upper age limit in respect of Scheduled caste candidates is 26 years. Relaxation in upper age limit as in case of scheduled caste candidates for displaced persons and relaxation upto 35 years in respect of candidates who took part in the National Movement will be made. These concessions are under certain circumstances or conditions mentioned in the recruitment rules. (a) War service candidates and (b) Temporary Government Servants may be allowed to deduct the period of (a) War service and (b) continuous temporary service respectively from their age for the purpose of the maximum age limit for appearing at the recruitment examination.

5. 12½% of the vacancies filled by direct recruits will be reserved for Scheduled Caste candidates and in respect of 15% of the vacancies available for outside candidates Preference will be given to sons, daughters and dependants of departmental employees (serving or retired) who obtain qualifying marks.

6. The minimum educational qualification is a pass in the Matriculation Examination of the Indian University or its equivalent. In the case of Women candidates, the condition of minimum educational qualification for recruitment to the service of Telephone operators only may be relaxed at the discretion of the Postmaster-General Bombay if sufficient number of women candidates with the minimum educational qualification is not available. The candidate must be demiciled in the state of Bombay, the United States of Saurashtra or Cutch etc. The condition of domicile will be waived in respect of displaced persons who migrated to Indian Union before the 30th September 1948 i.e. they shall be treated as domiciled in the area in which they now reside permanently, or where they intend to reside permanently. Those coming on or after that date will have to produce eligibility certificate from the Government of India before their appointment if selected.

7. Particulars relating to the examination with a copy of the prescribed form of application, form of instructions and recruitment rules etc. will be supplied on receipt of the fee of rupee one (not refundable) which should be sent ONLY BY a crossed Indian Postal order payable to the Postmaster-General Bombay at the General Post Office, Bombay.

8. Applications in the prescribed form only will be entertained and THEY MUST BE RECEIVED IN THE OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL, BOMBAY BY THE 20TH JUNE 1950 AT THE LATEST. Applications received after that date will be ignored.

A separate fee of Rs. 4|- (Four) will be charged as Examination fee to be paid along with the completed application (in the prescribed form referred to in para 7 above) in the manner indicated in the form of instructions etc. Scheduled caste candidates will have to pay one fourth of the Examination Fee.

9. Temporary officials already working in the department at present and recruited between 25-3-1949 and 10-4-1950 should submit their applications in accordance with the departmental Circular issued on the subject.

10. This advertisement is in supersession of the one dated 1|5|50 and 3|5|50.

Dated 12-5-50

POSTMASTER GENERAL
Bombay.

7822

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of (1) Masonite Sheets (about Rs. 4,000/- worth); (2) Welding Electrodes (Rs. 6,000/- worth); (3) Sand Papers (Rs. 3,000/- worth); (4) Leather Bags for Conductors and Hides (Rs. 5,000/- worth) and (5) Cotton Waste (Rs. 10,000/- worth), will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, upto noon on the 25th May, 1950.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper on payment of Rs. 5/- per Form, Sales Tax extra.

(7821)

NOTICE

A GENERAL MEETING of the ANJUMANE KHUDDAMUNNABI will be held at the Saboo Siddick Musafirkhana, Crawford Market on 16th May, 5 p.m. to elect Office bearers. Members are cordially invited to attend the same.

(1843)

NOTICE

THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAVIGATION & TRADING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 9399, 9402 for 110 Shares of the above Company standing in the name of Flora Juana Alvares have been LOST or MISLAID. Any person having any claim over the said Shares should notify to the Company at its Registered Office at "Scindia House" Ballard Estate, Bombay 1, within 10 days from the date hereof. Otherwise steps will be taken to obtain the duplicate Certificates from the Company.

Bombay, dated 15-5-50.

FLORA JUANA ALVARES,
Signature of Share Holder.

(1846)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF CARGOES LYING UNCLEARED IN THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended MENESSE & CO. will under instructions from the Manager B. P. Trust Docks sell by public auction at Mazagaon Frere Basin Uncleared Warehouse at 10-30 A.M. on Thursday the 18th SATURDAY, the 20th May 1950, the following:—

Hardware: chemicals glass sheets: Glassware: seeds Provisions Tobacco: Piecegoods: A. S. yarn: Rayon yarn: Miscellaneous goods.

If Your Child Is Sick

or Ailing

Depend on

B. C. P. W.

GRIPE MIXTURE

CURES and PREVENTS

GRIPE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, DYSENTERY AND TROUBLES INCIDENTAL TO DENTITION

BENGAL CHEMICAL

CALCUTTA: BOMBAY: KANPUR.

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

PHOSPH - AURA

THE IDEAL TONIC

"The System run down from any cause can only be built up by treating the individual cells." This is most satisfactorily done by prescribing Phosph-aura.

ROY & CO., BOMBAY 2.

HELP COMBAT SABOTAGE ON THE RAILWAYS

B. B. & C. I. General Manager On Need For Public Aid

BOMBAY, Monday.

AN appeal to the Press to galvanise public opinion in order to combat the "dastardly crimes by evilly disposed persons" which endangered the lives of innocent persons, caused the destruction of public property amounting to lakhs and menaced the very structure of organised society and of the State, was made by K. P. Mushran, General Manager, B.B. and C.I. Railway today.

Mr. Mushran who was addressing a press conference at the Main office of the B.B. and C.I. Railway at Church Gate this afternoon said that the activities of saboteurs would be put down with a stern hand by the Government of India and both the Railway administration and the State Governments would co-operate to the fullest degree to achieve this result.

TRAINS SPEED UP

Mr. Mushran referred to the facilities and amenities provided to the passengers during the recent days and said that almost all the trains were speeded up on the B.B. and C.I. Rly. line. The 'Janata Express' which was introduced between Bombay Central and Ahmedabad from April 1, has made considerable improvement in third class travelling as it carried 10 to 11 ceaches with seating accommodation for nearly 140 persons in eacn ceach

Class three accommodation was also increased in all other trains by adding more bofies. Electrically operated water coolers were also installed at 16 important stations and 37 such coolers would soon be installed at other stations.

The other amenities provided to the travelling public included installation of electric fans on platforms at a number of important railway stations, electric fans in some of the class three bogies on meter gauge and broad gauge lines. Referring to the rush at the ticket windows for suburban stations in Bombay, Mr. Mushran said that very soon an automatic ticket issuing machine will be installed at Church Gate Railway Station.

A new railway line which will link Northern Gujerat with Cutch was being constructed between Kandla and Deesa. The terminal station of this line will be Gandhidham, which is expected to be ready by April 1952.

TOUR EXPENDITURE OF DR. BULSARA

Corporation Turns Down Request

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation today turned down the request or Dr. J. F. Bulsara, former Deputy Municipal Commissioner, for waiving recovery of the contribution of Rs. 10,000 received by him from the Corporation for his foreign tour to study municipal administration in various countries.

Dr. Bulsara resigned the post on his taking up the appointment of Social Affairs Officer of the Social Affairs Division of the UNO at Bangkok. The Corporation, while accepting his resignation, decided not to accede to his request in regard to the recovery of the amount advanced to him.

Mr. J. D. Daruvala's suggestion that the consideration of the recovery of the amount should be postponed till the receipt of the report from Dr. Bulsara was thrown out by the House.

The meeting unanimously passed a resolution condoling the death of Mr. A. R. Beg Mohamed, who was a member of the Corporation for six years from 1926 to 1932. Mr. Dayabhai V. Patel, who moved the resolution, referred to the late Mr. Mohamed as a generous and public spirited man.

Messrs. Aziz Lalji, Ganpath Shankar Desai, Rohit Dave and others associated with the sentiments expressed by the mover of the resolution.

The Corporation today rose for the summer recess. The next meeting will be held on June 22.

AIR INDIA LICENCE EXTENDED

NEW DELHI, May 15 (PTI): The Air Transport Licensing Board today extended the licence of Air India for running their Night Airmail Service between Bombay and Delhi to cover for a further period of six months. The licence was due to expire today. The Night Air Service, it is stated, has been hitherto operating on a cent per cent load.

Air India have also been granted a licence permitting them to employ Viking aircraft besides Dakota in their Bombay-Madras-Trichinopoly-Colombo service. The concession has been granted, it is stated, to enable the company to meet traffic fluctuations on this route.

Fiscal Commission Session In City

BOMBAY, Monday: The Fiscal Commission began in Bombay today what is expected to be its last session. Shri V. T. Krishnamachari presided. Among the members present were Shri D. L. Majumdar, Member-Secretary of the Commission, Shri Khandubhai Desai, Shri Ambalal Sarabhai, Shri B. M. Birla and Dr. B. N. Ganguly.

JAIPUR, May 15 (PTI): Mr. Kala Venkatarao, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, has accepted the request of the Rajputana Provincial Congress Committee to extend the date of elections of the primary Congress panchayats in Rajasthan to May 30 instead of May 25.

Blackmarket In Tickets

RAILWAY WARNING TO PUBLIC

BOMBAY, Monday: The Railway Authorities are taking necessary precautions to stop blackmarketing in the sale of tickets, according to anofficial statement issued from the office of the Joint Public Relations Officer, B.B. and C.I. and G.I.P Railways, Bombay.

A number of persons, it is stated, have recently purchased tickets on fictitious names from the B.B. and C.I. reservation offices and have re-sold the tickets at price higher than the scheduled fares shown on the tickets. The Railway Authorities are taking necessary precautions to refuse the issue of tickets and the reservation of berths in favour of persons who are found to be not the bonafide passengers and whose object it is to carry on this business by duping innocent persons

The Railway Authorities have requested the public to arrange reservation of their berths direct at the reservation offices and not through any outsiders. The co-operation of public was further sought in their reporting such cases wherein any unknown persons offers to help them in the purchase of tickets and the reservation of berths to the official in charge of the reservation offices.

NOTHING NEW IN PROPOSAL

BOMBAY, Monday.

The view expressed by Mgr. Castilho Noronha, representative of Portuguese India in the Portuguese Parliament, who arrived from Lisbon yesterday, about Portugal's plans to grant autonomy to Goa, Daman and Diu was received without enthusiasm in Goan circles in Bombay which feel that this is another attempt of the Salazar regime to throw dust in the eyes of the world.

A reporter of this paper who contacted a number of prominent Goans this morning gathered that Goa is not prepared to accept anything less than comple independence. They feel that there is nothing new in the proposal of referring the Indian colonies as provinces of Portugal, in view of the fact that the Portuguese have always maintained that Goa, Daman and Diu were provinces of Portugal, with the natives of these places enjoying the same facilities and privileges as the Portuguese themselves. The Goans feel that this is another way of suppressing them under a different name.

The autonomy of Goa under the Portuguese is not acceptable because Portugal is today under a cruel fascist regime which does not respect the inherent rights of the citizens. In view of this a country which does not alow freedom of thaught and speech to its own nationals cannot be expected to formulate different rules and cannons for the natives of the so-called provinces which Goa, Daman and Diu will according to the plan be called.

Knowing fully well also what 'shortly' and 'Soon' means to the Portuguese whose sense of time and punctuality are farcial, the Goans said that this anouncement may be another move on the part of Portugal to definitely postpone the relinquishing of their hold on these colonies.

J. K. APPEAL ADMITTED

Bail Granted Again

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dixit and Mr Justice Shah).

1. The J K Gas Manfg. Co. (Rampur) Ltd.
2. Juggilal Kamlapat (Rampur) Ltd.
3. Lala Kailaspat Singhania
Appellants (Accused).
vs.
The State of Bombay .. Respondent.

Observing that the appellants strongest ground of appeal was the size of the record their lordships at a vacation sitting on Monday admitted the appeal filed by the accused, as wel; as a separate appeal filed by another accused, one B. B. Mathur. Their lordships granted bail to the accused pending the hearing of the appeal on the same terms as those on which they had already been released.

The appeals will now come up for hearing in due course.

The second accused company was the Managing Agent of the first accused company, and the third accused was a director of both these companies. The fourth accused before the tribunal was one B. B. Mathur their factory director, and the fifth accused S. K. Seth was alleged by the prosecution to have been the manager of the first accused company at the relevant date.

The Government of India from time to time granted licenses to the first accused company for acquisition of iron and steel from recognized stockists for the purpose of manufacturing gas plants. The first and second accused companies obtained about 82 tons of iron and steel which was despatched by certain stockists from Delhi to Rampur where the factory of the first three accused was situated.

The accused were then alleged to have obtained in August 1943 a priority certilcate on the false representation that the goods were meant for Bombay. On arrival of the goods in Bombay, the accused were alleged to have disposed of these goods in November and December 1943 to unauthorised persons in the black market, in contravention of the terms of their licenses. On that two prosecutions were launched against the accused,—one called the "Movement Case" in which the accused were charged under section 81(4) of the Defence of India Rules read with the Iron and Steel (Movement by Rail) Order for having transported the goods without a valid priority certificate, and the other called the "Disposals Case" in which the accused were charged under Rule 81(4), and Rule 122 of the Defence of India Rules read with the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Oeder for the wrongful disposal of the goods.

Among the grounds of appeal raised by the appellants, over 200 in number, were—that the Tribunal had not been properly constituted after 30th September 1946, or a any rate, after the separation of the two Dominions on partion, that accused 1 and 2 being foreign corporations could not be tried for offences alleged to have been committed by their agents in India, that the Tribunal having held that all the witnesses in the Disposals case were in the nature of accomplices, their evidence could not be used to corroborate each other, and that the onus on various points had been wrongly cast on the accused.

Applying for admission of the appeal and for bail, Mr. Somjee stated that the appeal involved dozens of points, both of law and of fact and that the judgment ran into 620 pages, Mr. Boovariwalla for the State without expressing any opinion as to whether the grounds of appeal were good, bad or indifferent, conceded that the appeal deserved admission, though he pressed for an order for higher bail.

Their lordships admitted the appeals and directed that the accused were to continue on the same bail as before. Their lordships granted leave to all to the grounds of appeal. Their lordships made the same order in Mathur's appeal.

Mr. K. A. Somjee and Mr. J. M. Thakore instructed by Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas and Co. appeared for the appellants, Mr. N. K. Gamadia instructed by Messrs. Amarchand and Mangaldas appeared for Mathur. Mr. B. D. Boovariwalla and the Assistant Government Pleader appeared for the State.

Inquest On Foreigner Who Died Out At Sea

TECHNICAL ISSUE BEFORE CORONER'S COURT

BOMBAY, Monday.

LEGAL technicalities bearing on the national international aspects of the right or otherwise, of the Coroner to hold an inquest on a foreigner who died out at sea, formed the highlights of the proceedings in the Coroner's Court, touching on the death of Miss Elisa Loomis, the American stewardness on board the Norwegian steamship "Vinstra", which, after leaving Bombay for Calcutta, had to return back to Bombay to dispose of the semi-decomposed body of Miss Loomis, who was found dead in her cabin, and whose death, it was stated was caused by an overdose of 75 tablets of "Dramamine"—a specific for sea-sickness.

The question centred not only on the matter of inquest but on any trial that would follow as a natural corollary in the process of law against those found guilty of any offence contributory to, or resulting in the death of Miss Loomis. The Public Prosecutor, Mr. N. K. Pettigara, read some relevant sections of the law, and so did the Coroner, Mr. R. M. Malkani.

The Consul for Norway, when questioned, said that he had no objection to the inquest, but that what he objected to was a trial for any offence that hight have occurred on the high seas outside Indian territorial waters.

The Coroner, while agreeing that no trial could be held for offences committed by foreigners outside Indian territorial waters, drew attention to the fact that in this particular case it came within the jurisdiction of the Indian Union by the very fact of the dead body having been brought into territorial waters, and by the Captain of the ship himself, which implied that he had submitted to the jurisdiction of the Indian Court. He also quoted Section 2 of the Territorial Waters Jurisdiction, stating that it made no difference even if the person or persons concerned were foreigners. "If he is liable under the Indian Penal Code" added the Coroner, "he also comes within the jurisdiction of the Coroner's Court."

Also present in the court was Mr. Joseph A. Belehard, Vice-Consul for the U.S.A. Some members of the crew of the s.s. "Vinstra" who were to have been present in Court failed to turn up Their statements will be recorded tomorrow.

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JOGAN
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MAGNIFICENT PICTURE
SAMADHI
Stirring Tale of the I.N.A.
AT
ROXY
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30

SOMETHING QUITE ARRESTING!
Shadi ke Baad
AT
CENTRAL
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. Mats. 12-30
Plans Open: 10—12 & 4—6

Held Over for the 2nd Week at all the 8 Theatres!
HINDUSTAN CHITRA
Hamara Ghar
PRODUCED BY
KISHORE SAHU
LAMINGTON Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun 12-30
EDWARD—CHITRA
CITYLIGHT, STAR (Mazgaon)
USHA (Andheri) BHARAT (Kurla) ALLWYN (Kalyan).

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Vaishakh Vad 30 2006.
Muslim: Rajjab 28 1369.
Parsi: Adar 16 1319.
Sunrise 6-4 a.m.
Sunset 7-6 p.m.
Hightide 12-04, 23-34.
Lowtide 05-14, 17-52.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

Bagmohamed Abubakar. Son of Abdul Rehman expired of Heart Failure on 14th May at 11-30 p.m. Ziarat Ceremony today at 9-0 a.m. at his residence, Noor Mansion Chowpatty, Sea Face, Bombay.

Today's Engagements

ENGINEERING ASSN. OF INDIA: Quarterly General Meeting at Taj Mahal (Banquetting Room) at 5-30 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Discourse on "Is Communism A Menace in India"? by Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, at Green's Hotel, at 1-45 p.m.

RASTRIYA MILL MAZDOOR SANGH: Press Conference on the present unrest in Bombay Textile Industry, at Mazdoor Manzil, Government Gate Road, Parel, at 3-30 p.m.

Dharwar Ban On Sale Of Arms

BOMBAY, Monday.

The order of the District Magistrate of Dharwar prohibiting the dealers in the district from selling arms and ammunition including percussion caps to any person without a special permit from him, has been extended for two months from May 18, 1950.

LAST THREE DAYS
UDAY SHANKAR
TUES. & WED.: 6-15
THURSDAY: 6-30
EXCELSIOR
Thursday 3-30 show has been CANCELLED. Those who have booked seats for the 3-30 show may claim refund.

TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, May 16.

Air News From Delhi

English 8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9; Gujarati 8-45 a.m., 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m., 7-40 p.m Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m., Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m Tamil 7-15 a.m. 7-15 p.m. Telugu 7 a.m., 1-15 p.m. 7 p.m

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor bhaee, 7-40 Today's programme, 7-45 R. K. Antani, G songs, 8-15 J. Purohit, shivmat bhairav, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 Patralekha Pandit's party, G songs, 1-40 Boton Symp. Orch., 2-10 First Piano quartet, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 5-20 Air artist, sarangi, 6-10 Patralekaha Pandit's party, G geets, 6-20 V. Karandikar, puria, 6-40 J. Purohit, dhannashree, 7-0 Day's topic, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Shirin H. Nayak, vocal, 7-30 Lalita Venkatram, K music, 7-45 For industrial workers, 9-15 R Antani, G songs, 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 Dr. K. S. Krishnan, E talk, "Atomic Age", 10-0 A. Marzban, musical quiz, 10-30 Variety.

VARIATIONS—8-0 a.m. D. Prasad violin, 8-45 V. Karandikar, M songs, 1-0 p.m. V. Karandikar, M songs, 1-10 Madhur bhavgeets, 1-50 Shirin H. Nayak, cl., music, 2-10 D. Prasad violin, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 5-30 Children's prog., HU, 6-0 Shirin H Nayak, vocal, 6-20 For rural listeners, M, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Air artist, kh. basant bahar, 8-30 V. P. Bhagwat, M talk, 8-45 D. Prasad, violin, 9-0 K. G. Sable and party, lavni, 10-0 V. K. Pradhan Violin, 10-30 J. Purohit bihagda.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Rag ranjanai, 7-45 Today and tomorrow, 7-50 M Bechardas, bhajan, 8-15 Durga Karnik, a-bilawal, 8-30 G. C. H. Dave, bansari, 5-30 p.m. B. Balramdasji, mishra kafi, 5-45 Durga Karnik, multani, 6-10 B. Balramdasji, bhajan, 6-20 G. C. H. Dave, bansari, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 Sami Sanje, 7-15 G talk on trade, 7-30 G. C. H. Dave, bansari, 7-45 Durga Karnik, bhavgeet, 8-0 B. Balramdasji bhajan, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Geet kuni, 9-30 Smeranan, G feature "bhutawal", 9-45 Durga Karnik, bhajan.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Ashram bhajanvali, 7-40 Asha Nirasha, 8-15 As in Baroda, 8-30 AIR artist, bhajan, 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda, 5-45 M. Javeri's geets, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Folksongs, 6-45 B. Andharia, khyal jait, 7-15 G talk on trade, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-0 Lata Mangeshkar, song 8-30 B Andharia, rag rageshri, 9-30 As in Baroda.

Talk On "The Middle East"

BOMBAY, Monday.

All India Radio, Bombay, will broadcast tomorrow (Tuesday) (1) a talk in English on "The Middle East" by Alan Humphries at 8-45 p.m. on Bombay "B" and (2). A talk in English by Dr. K. S. Krishnan on "The Atomic Age" at 9-45 p.m. on both Bombay 'A' and 'B'.

AIR ADVISORY BODY FOR BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, May 15, (PTI): The Ministry of Information and Broadcasting announced today that the following have been appointe as members of the Advisory Committee for the Bombay station of All India Radio Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, Mr. H. M. Joshi of Poona, Mr. N. Y. Nurie , of Bombay and Mr. S. A. Aiyer, Director of Publicity to the Government of Bombay.

NADKARNI TOLD BROTHER HE HAD BEEN ASSAULTED

Evidence In Murder Case

BOMBAY, Monday.

SHIVANAND S. NADKARNI an ex-police officer giving evidence before Mr. Karl J. Khandalawala, Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay in the Nadkarni Murder Case in which Jagdishkumar Hiranand and Rampalsingh Narendrasingh are charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder and Kishori Alladatta with abetment of the offence, said that when he visited his brother Dattatraya at St. George's Hospital, the latter told him that he had been assaulted by the three accused.

The patient also stated that his servant Mohan was a "badmash". He mentioned a party which he had attended.

Witness in his deposition stated that his brother had resigned from the police force about ten months prior to his death. On February 8, 1949, Dattatraya left home at about 8 p.m. saying that he was going to a picture, and that he would sleep at a friend's place.

PHONE CALL

At about two in the afternoon of the next day, witness received a phone call saying that his brother had met with an accident and was lying in St. George's Hospital. On reaching the hospital, witness found Jagdish and Rampal at the hospital. The former asked him if he was the patient's brother. Jagdish told witness that Dattatraya had come to his house at about 11 that morning and that he was there for about half an hour.

Dattatraya had left while Jagdish was having a bath. Rampal said that Dattatraya had met with an accident and had fallen down.

Witness said that he noticed Jagdish wearing a ring which belonged to his brother. Asked about it Jagdish had said that he had removed the ring from Dattatraya's finger as he was being removed to hospital. Witness said that he rummaged a bush coat and pant belonging to his brother, but he did not find in them the cigarette case, wallet and watch which his brother usually had on his person.

TOLD THE STORY

On February 14, Dattatraya opened his eyes and started rubbing the left side of his chest. Witness asked his brother if it was paining him there and the latter nodded, saying 'yes' Dattatraya told his brother that he had not fallen but that he had been assaulted by Kishori, Jagdish and Rampal. Witness believed that he was making an effort to convey something more to him, but Dattatraya elapsed into drowsiness. Witness' brother Sadanand was by his side when the patient spoke to him.

Dattatraya had told Sadanand that he was going to beat Kishori. Witness stated that he was at no time prior to the incident aware of his brother's association with Kishori, as he invariably made an excuse for staying out at nights. Witness maintained that he did not mention what his brother had told him as he wanted to avoid a scandal until he had had confirmation of what he had been told.

Earlier Abdul Kader, a chauffeur employed by a tenant of Kishori Court, deposed that on the night prior to the incident he had heard a commotion at Kishori Court.

HARASSED

Sadanand Nadkarni, brother of the deceased, said that in June 1949 he met Kishori at the Santa Cruz Air port, when she alighted from a plane which had completed its flight from Delhi. She assumed the name of Hamida Begum, and spoke to him when they had been cleared at the customs counter. She told him that she was a close friend of Kishori's and that the latter was a good woman. She had also asked Sadanand if he knew Dattatraya, and witness had replied that Dattatraya was his brother.

Kishori told witness that the death of Nadkarni was not Kishori's fault, but that the servants were to blame, and that Kishori was being unnecessarily harassed. She added that if witness accompanied her to Kishori's residence the latter would make compensation for Dattatraya's death. Witness replied that the loss of his brother was irreparable. Replying to a question by Defence Counsel, witness said that he spoke to Hamida Begum (Kishori) merely as a captain of a plane to a passenger:

To another question witness said that he did not report the statement made by Dattatraya at the hospital to anyone as he had compunctions about disclosing the relationship of his brother with a woman li Kishori.

While Dattatraya was at the hospital, during one of his conscious periods, he asked if Kishori had been apprehended. Witness gave an affirmative answer and asked Dattatraya if he wanted anyone else arrested. Dattatraya mentioned the names of Khaitan and Matadini.

Further hearing of the case will be resumed tomorrow.

A NEW WORKSHOP FOR DELHI BUSES

New Plans In Capital

NEW DELHI, May 15, (UPI): Construction of a "centralised workshop" for the maintenance and repair of the Delhi buses at an approximate cost of Rs. 7 lakhs during the current financial year, is the first major undertaking of the 6-week-old Delhi Transport Authority.

A plot of land near factory road has already been earmarked for this purpose. Orders for the purchase of machinery are likely to be placed shortly.

THUNDERSHOWERS IN ASSAM

All-India Weather

POONA, May 15. (PTI): The following is the All-India weather summary for Monday.

Thundershowers have been fairly widespread in Assam and West Bengal and occurred locally in Mysore and Tamil Nad. A few thundershowers have also been reported from Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh.

Day temperatures were above normal over most of the country being appreciably so over the region extending from East Uttar Pradesh and Chota Nagpur to South Deccan (Desh) and Mysore.

Forecast valid until Tuesday evening: Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and occur locally in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Mysore and Rayalaseema. Scattered thundershowers are also likely in Bihar, Orissa, Travancore-Cochin and Tamil Nad. Isolated duststorms or thunderstorms may occur in the Punjab (I) and Uttar Pradesh.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st March 1950 and departure from normal, recorded at 8-30 a.m. I.S.T. on 15th May 1950.

Ahmedabad 108 83 0 0 minus 0.3; Akola 112 86 0 0.1 minus 0.5; Allahabad 109 83 0.1 1.9 plus 1.0; Bangalore 95 71 02 1.3 minus 2.4; Baroda 109 80 0 0 minus 0.1; Bhavnagar 109 77 0 0 minus 0.4; Bhopal 106 81 0 1.6 plus 0.9; Bhuj 107 77 0 0 minus 0.4; BOMBAY 95 79 0 0 minus 0.1; Kanpur 107 80 0 0.5 minus 0.1; Cherrapunji 75 62 0.4 34.7 minus 20.5; Cochin 91 82 0 6.7 minus 3.3; Darjilling 63 51 0.5 11.4 plus 1.5; Gulgarga 108 80 0 0.4 minus 1.0; Gwalior 111 80 0 0.3— Hanamkonda 109 67 0 0.2 minus 1.9; Honavar 92 82 0 0.1— Harnai 88 68 0 0.1— Hyderabad (Dn.) 107 84 0 0.1 minus 1.9; Indore 106 73 0 0.2 0; Jaipur 105 75 0 0.1 minus 0.5; Jamshedpur 107 79 T 2.4 — Jabalpore 109 86 0 1.4 minus 1.7;

Khandwa 110 84 0 0.4 plus 0.1; Kodaikanal 71 54 0.1 6.3 minus 3.4; Kolhapur 101 71 0 0.4 — Kurnool 109 82 0 0.7 minus 0.8; Mahabaleshwar 86 66 0 0.3 minus 1.3; Mangalore 91 81 0 0.4 minus 2.4; Mussoorie 78 62 0 4.3 minus 0.3; Mysore 92 72 0 8.1 plus 2.5; Ootacamund 75 50 T 2.1 minus 7.5; Pachmarhi 99 80 0 0.8 minus 0.3; Patiala 104 69 0 1.3 — POONA 98 71 0 1.6 plus 0.7; Rajkot 109—0 0 minus 0.4; Shillong 73 59 0.2 11.1 minus 1.8; Sholapur 109 77 0 0.5 minus 0.5; Simla 72 59 0 4.6 minus 0.5; Surat 96 83 0 0 minus 0.1.

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TURNING TO A
SUBLIME SACRIFICE!
in KALAKAR CHITRA'S
PREET
KA
GEET
GRAND MUSICAL SOCIAL HIT
Starring:
SULOCHANA CHATTERJI
PREM ADIB
SHASHIKALA, CUCKOO
OPENING
SATURDAY
20th MAY, 50
at
SWASTIK
JAI-HIND
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Plans Open for advance Booking:
10 to 12 noon 3 to 6 p.m
Book early to avoid disappointment
A BHARTIYA CHITRA MANDIR Release.

GREAT MYTHOLOGICAL
BHISHMA PRATIGYA
5th WEEK
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30. Sun. 12-30
KRISHNA—SURYA

COOLING SUGGESTION
for the Hot Weather...

—try delicious OVALTINE mixed cold!
It refreshes and sustains, too!
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The Pulse Of The City

POLICE OFFICIAL KNOCKED DOWN: Mr. Raymond Hyam, Assistant Technical Director of General Motors had parked his car opposite his residence near the Bandstand for the night. At about three in the night some person smashed the window of the car and made off. At Cuffe Parade the driver of the stolen car was signalled to stop the car by Sub-Inspector Kadam of the Colaba Police Station who was on patrol duty. The driver disobeying the signal knocked down the officer who fell down unconscious. The number plate of the car had been removed. The Sub-Inspector was later taken to the hospital.

ENTICEMENT: Not being able to find her way back home a nine-year-old girl who was separated from her mother at St. Anne's Church, Byculla was asked by one John Augusto to accompany him. He is alleged to have taken the girl to Mazagaon Post Office and deprived her of her gold bangles and chain. Though the accused was later arrested at an identification parade the stolen property has not yet been recovered. The accused was remanded to police custody.

MILLIONAIRE DEAD: Mr. Ababakar A. Begmohamed, a city millionaire and a member of the Municipal Corporation died, Sunday of heart attack at Delhi. The deceased was a leading cotton merchant and was connected with several educational, social and religious institutions.

STABBED: Shaikh Ahmed Shaikh Babu, Sunday, while returning to his seat in Kurla cinema after the interval tripped over the feet of a person. An altercation followed but was soon over. When the show was over the altercation was resumed in the course of which the man whipped out a pen-knofe and stabbed Shaikh Ahmed in the abdomen. In the confusion that ensued the person made good his escape. Police have so far arrested one person who would be taken to the hospital where the Shaikh is being treated for identification.

FINED: For not declaring his stock of cloth, Nagerjee Velji Desai, was fined Rs. 200 or in the alternative to undergo one month's R. I.

EXTORTION: Five persons were arrested, Sunday, for trying to extort money from a shopkeeper. The accused told the shopkeeper that the CID were in possession of some incriminating letters involving the complainant. The accused are stated to have promised to destroy the documents in case the complainant paid them Rs. 200. The complainant informed the police who laid a trap and arrested the accused.

BACK TO POONA: Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar of the Hindu Mahasabha, who was brought to Bombay from Poona to argue his own Habeas Corpus application will be sent back to Poona as the hearing was adjourned by the High Court pending decision of such appeals by the Supreme Court.

JAILED: A Rs. 1,000 cheque was sent by an up country businessman to a local firm. The cheque which was stolen from the Kalbadevi Post Office was later sold. Gurusharan Singh Harising is alleged to have sold the cheque to Manuel A. Buthello, a local business man. Buthello was sentenced to six months' R.I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 for making use of a stolen cheque as a genuine document. Gurusharansing Harising is still absconding. Police have arrested Kamlaprasad Bhagwatiprasad, a postman attached to the Kalbadevi Post Office along with two others. All the three were, however, discharged for want of evidence.

BEACH CAFE: "Pagoda" a beach cafe at the Backbay Bath Backbay Reclamation, Colaba was opened before a distinguished gathering.

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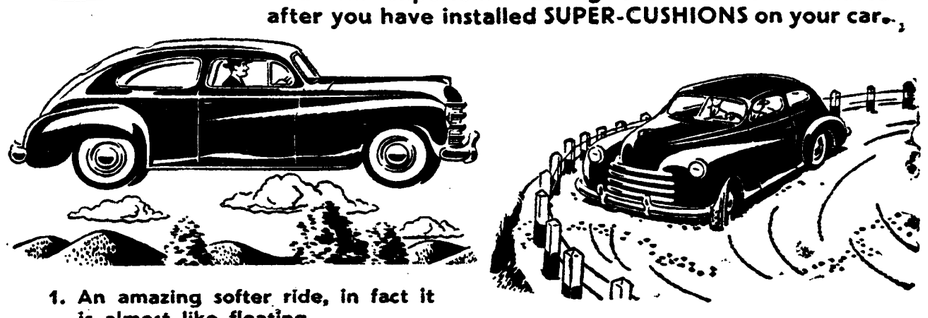
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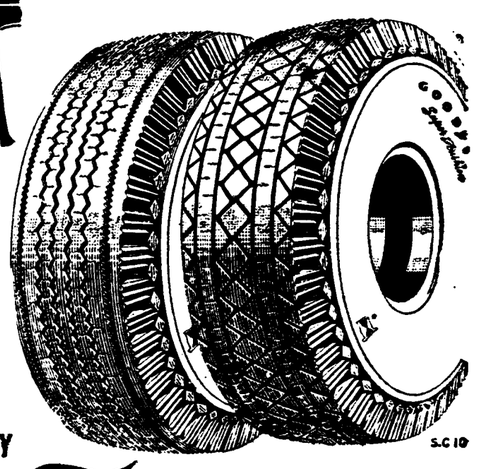
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The Bombay Chronicle

FORCES IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

In a radio interview at Washington, Mr. John Foster Dulles, the Republican Party Foreign Affairs expert and now also special consultant to the U.S. Secretary of State, said the other day that the Russians had net gains in the cold war largely through success in Asia where "they have won victories far greater than any Japan would have won if she had won the shooting war." If Mr. Dulles is not altogether right in stating the actual position today, he is not wrong in anticipating the possible position tomorrow. The situation from the Western Democratic point of view is already serious enough and if things are allowed to develop unchecked or even badly checked, the morrow is bound to see Communism —or let us say Soviet influence— spread even beyond the Japanese boundaries of their "co-prosperity" sphere. China has already gone over to the Communist side. Indo-China is in imminent and grave danger, while Malaya as also Burma and even Thailand are seriously menaced. Nor, of course, will the tide if it engulfs those countries stop there. It will, sooner than later, overflow into the Philippines and Indonesia. The actual and the potential both present a very grave problem to the leaders of the Western democracies. So far as the gravity of the present situation and of its potential tendencies are concerned, these leaders are aware of it quite well. The proceedings of the "Big Three" Foreign Ministers in London and certain "background" speeches in connection with the Sydney Commonwealth Conference bear witness to the lively concern over the "Communist menace" to South-East Asia. But has the remedy been correctly determined?

According to their communique, the "Big Three" Foreign Ministers have proclaimed their resolve to expose "Communist Imperialism" in South-East Asia at every opportunity. They have adopted a long resolution on the subject in which they refer to "the emergence as independent nations of a number of countries, who had not previously been in control of their own affairs and of the fresh problem created by the advance of Communist imperialism to the borders of this area..." And they mention also that "the region as a whole is economically undeveloped and that it is desirable that all the Governments should collaborate to intensify measures of development designed to raise the general standard of living." All very appropriate and splendid. But something vital is lacking in the elaborate plan of saving the countries and nations of South-East Asia from Communism. In the first place, while there is a reference to nations that have already emerged as independent, there is no specific mention of countries not yet "independent" much less of any political future for them. Then "the Ministers expressed their firm intention of encouraging and supporting" the Governments in those "independent" countries. They had, of course, Indo-Chinese Governments — there are no fewer than three "independent nations" created by the French and recognised by their allies inside that small country — principally in mind. Therein lies the weakness of the "Big Three" plan.

They are trying to bolster up regimes that have little popular support because they are not really "independent". Bao Dai's Viet Nam, Laos and Cambodia are in the first place, hardly three separate countries or nations and, they are, in the second place, under the over-all political domination of France. French Imperialism has not liquidated itself in Indo-China as British Imperialism very wisely and farsightedly did in India. The "Big Three" plan "to expose communist imperialism" is, on the other side of the medal, almost a plan to conceal French Imperialism too. Then again, there is the question of Malaya, a matter of concern for both the "Big Three" and several members of the Sydney Commonwealth Conference. But is it seriously thought that the Communist menace to Malaya can be defeated with economic aid confined merely to raising to some extent the standard of living without tackling the fundamentals of the problem, which involves political freedom as also freedom from the privileges and prerogatives of British tin and rubber barons and their local stooges? The 'Big Three' conference has failed to realise the urgent and categorical necessity of doing away with every other kind of imperialism in the fight against what it calls "Communist imperialism". So long as that failure persists so long will efforts to defeat communism remain futile. Communism does not thrive on absolute poverty alone. If Western "democracies" feel tempted to evade this realisation now, they will meet it in overwhelming force when it is too late.

Rural Planning

The re-planning of rural economy has been acknowledged as one of the vital needs of India. It is a complex and far-reaching problem demanding extreme care and patience in seeking a solution for it. Different states have a started to approach it from different angles. Recently a sample survey of selected villages in the districts of Belgaum and Ratnagiri was conducted by the Bureau of Economics and statics for the Government of Bombay. The object was to determine the relation between employment and its economic return. The result of this survey has, so far, revealed that rural economy was capable of being strengthened if improvement in agriculture and introduction of cottege and small scale industries were carried out within the framework of existing employment. The principal aim of every scheme for the re-planning of rural economy should be to raise the productive capacity and standards of living. The first essential of achieving this aim should be to harness man-power— unemployed or released from agricultural occupations to other convenient fields of production.

Agriculture is the basis of India's rural economy, and its progress should be the primary concern of the state even if industrialisation has to be extended to rural areas. Self-sufficiency in food, when attained in 1951, must be a lasting achievement. In the present circumstances, it is essential to consider industrial schemes for villages, proposed in any state in relation to the needs of the "Grow More Food" campaign conflict will be avoided if industrialisation for villages is planned with an eye on the interests of agriculture. To relieve unemployment permanent and periodical is one of the objects with which the installation of industries in villages has been advocated; but the strength of man-power in every district will have to be estimated on the basis of the total acreage of arable land and not of the member of apparently unemployed persons. Man-power to be taken as unemployed, should be a real surplus over the land which would be and could be brought under the plough, and only such of it should be diverted to industrial channels taking care, all the while, that others do not desert agriculture. Cottage and small-scale industries to be installed in different areas should be in proportion to their actual needs of employment, and such concerns should, again, not hit the interests of existing industries. Planning on there lines will ensure balanced rural economy. Earnings from agricultural occupations and industrial wages should be equal, so that there would be no undue competition between the two spheres. Then attempts must be made to raise the level of both with a view to improving the standard of living of the rural population. In the case of agriculture, earnings can be increased by lowering the cost of production and living which the cultivator has to bear.

Thought For The Day

Trust men and they will be true to you; treat them greatly and they will show themselves great.

—EMERSON

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

LAKE SUCCESS, May 14—India yesterday lost the fight to set up a U.N. Committee which would act as a "watch-dog" over human rights throughout the world.

Despite every effort made by Mrs. Hansa Mehta (India) the Human Rights Commission did not support an Indian proposal which would have given a projected "human rights committee" comprehensive functions as a supervision body.

—PTI-Reuter

* * *

Said Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressing a public meeting at Trivandrum: "Let me tell you that when the Congress steam-roller begins functioning in the ensuing elections there will be levelling down of parties." ... ...

What and who will be the component parts of the steam-roller.

* *

In a communique issued at the close of their London conference the "Big Three" Foreign Ministers have declared that they would take every opportunity to expose "Communist Imperialism" in South-East Asia in what they describe as the serious situation developing there.

Where will the exposure be executed, on non-Communist Imperialism or side by side?

* *

Mr. Trygve Lie, U.N. Secretary-General, who on Friday saw the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, on Saturday had a talk with the Deputy Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Gromyko—Moscow Report.

We should have thought M. Lie's progress would be upwards.

* *

Commenting on the loan just voted by the British Parliament to Burma, the "Economist" of London threateningly complains that Burmans "offer the minimum of co-operation to the British and continue to revile (sic) and harry (sic) British business firms, yet always turn instinctively and confidently to London whenever they get into difficulties."

But, where else can they turn? Isn't that where their wealth has gone?

* *

"This loan", the "Economist" insists, "should be the last of a long line of special favours granted to Burma without getting anything in return".

Without getting anything in re—? Good heavens!

* *

10,000 WAR DEAD REMEMBERED.

—Headline to London report

And the other umpteen million umpteen hundred and ninety thousand?

* *

LONDON, May 13: Britain veered slightly to the right as the result of yesterday's "little general election" for control of 370 municipal boroughs in England and Wales.

And yet the West would and does blame the Soviet and Communism for its own bunglings.

U. N. WELFARE WORK IN FAR EAST

By Dr. J. F. Bulsara

(U.N. REPRESENTATIVE).

THE United Nations Programme of Advisory Welfare Services in the Far East is being implemented under a resolution of the General Assembly and the services are being offered both to the 59 MEMBER NATIONS as well as to some nations and non-self-governing territories who are not members of the United Nations.

So far 38 countries and territories have been taking advantage of the fellowships; and a few more of the services of Experts or Technical Consultants and Seminars, and every year more countries are doing so as they come to realise the benefit of the U.N. programme and the importance of a systematic development of social welfare services for their peoples.

The programme comprises five types of services at present, viz., (a) Fellowships, (b) Experts or Technical Consultants, (c) Seminars, (d) Pilot or Demonstration Project and (e) Prosthetic material inclusive of artificial limbs for the handicapped in war-devasted countries and supply of films and literature on Social Welfare Subjects.

Fellowships

"Fellowship" are given for a maximum period of "six months" for the "observation" of a "selected subject", which has some significance for the recipient country, in countries where the specific activity has been well developed. The "candidates" are supposed to be "well acquainted" with the subject in their fields of observation both by theoretical training and practical experience and well conversant with the language of the host country, so that they can observe and study the subject or activity with knowledge and intelligence and get proper benefit out of their observation.

They are supposed to return to their home country after the completion of the observation programme and engage in social welfare work in the same or similar field with a view to promote the activity to the benefit of their countrymen.

The entire programme of services is worked on the basis of matching or partial financial participation by the UN and the recipient country. In the case of Fellowships, the recipient countries bear the cost of transportation of the Fellows to and from the place of destination and other incidental minor costs.

The United Nations takes care of the rest of the expenses except of clothing, sickness, etc. The expenses cover a living allowance which is dol. 170 per month for Scandinavian countries, dol. 190 for Great Britain and dol. 300 for the U.S.A. and Canada. They also include cost of internal travel in the country of observation up to a specified amount according to the country, tuition and a limited amount of about dol. 40 for books.

Indian Catestrophe

It may be interesting to note that 36 countries taking advantage of UN Fellowships in 1949 requested for 294 Fellowships and they were allocated 252, but they actually used only 188. The largest number of Fellowships asked for by and awarded to a single country was 31 and 20 respectively to Poland, out of which she could use only 3, whereas the second largest number asked for by and awarded to was India. India asked for 19, was awarded 19 and used 19 Fellowships in 1949, whereas Italy followed closely with 17 requests, awards and use.

The necessity for the establishment of ministries of welfare caused by the devastation of war in these countries, was evoked by a similar catastrophe in India, viz. the communal disturbances that broke out on a gigantic scale uprooting about 6 1/4 million people from their age-long habitat and homes.

You are well aware of the magnificent work done by the Government of India which rose to the occasion, establishing a Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation at the Centre with similar departments in the Provinces and spending large sums of money to bring succor and solace to the millions of stricken people, men, women and children.

The voluntary and the few salaried social workers in the country gave an excellent account of themselves and rendered timely help which was much appreciated by Governments.

Consultants

2. The second service is that of providing "experts" or "consultants" on subjects of social welfare to countries who would like to organize a practical scheme or programme of services in a particular field, which is of imminent importance in urgent need of development.

The services of an expert is generally provided for 6 months to one year, though in two or three cases they have been continued over a longer period in view of the special or exceptional needs and requests of the countries concerned. At present there is a social welfare consultant in the Philippines and a Child Specialist in Japan working in co-operation with a Nutritionist provided by the UNICEF. A request for an expert in child care and training of the handicapped children has been received from a third country, whereas there are possibilities of receiving a request for a specialist in criminology from a fourth.

The Division of Social Activities maintains a roster of experts in various fields knowing various languages and on the request of governments, they are given a choice from amongst several on the list.

The general administration expenses and the salaries of experts are borne by the United Nations, whereas on the same basis of matching or participation by the recipient country, which I referred to earlier, the recipient country bears partial or entire cost of transportation, per diem living allowance and other expenses of office space, secretariat or interpreter assistance, internal travel, etc.

So far 94 experts in various subjects have been provided on request to 16 countries of the world.

Seminars

3. The third service is or organising "Seminars" on subjects or problems of specific and pressing significance to a group of countries in a region. The subject or subjects are decided by the UN Headquarters in mutual consultation with the host and participating countries. Experts are invited and assembled from the countries of the region and from abroad as well as from the United Nations organization or the staff of the Specialised

(Continued on Page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Placing The Displaced

Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, India's Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, a press interview at Calcutta, has pleaded for displaced persons being spread in the rural areas. It would be difficult to set any hard and fast rule but so far as the area discussed by him is concerned, it will be generally felt that the advice is sound. It is, however, an unfortunate thing that these individuals are mostly kept in separate colonies and thus isolated from the rest of the population. Every effort should be made to assimilate them with the population and to remove all the distinctions which reproduce the past and foster a sense of frustration. The displaced persons like the rest of us seek not bare comforts and subsistence but opportunities to contribute to the common weal. This is their right as full citizens of India, a status that is accorded to them by the Constitution. No doubt, such rehabilitation will take time and India cannot spare the time which readjustment will need because of the many problems pressing for solution. But quick solutions only call for redoubled effort and nothing should be spared to fit the new citizens into the social life of the nation as a whole.

Foodgrains Proposals

Of special interest in the recommendations of the Foodgrains Investigation Committee are those which are intended to give the people the food to which they are accustomed. The two main suggestions in this respect relate to the discontinuing of mixture, particularly with wheat atta, and the relaxation of the rules regarding undermilling of rice in areas not accustomed to undermilled rice. As a preparation for psychology in people's minds of returning to normal, these two steps have a great value which cannot be over-estimated. The other suggestions relate to relaxing controls so that the pressure on the consumer will lessen whilst the check on the trade will remain fairly firm. The summary that has been published indicates that the proposals have been drawn up with considerable common sense and it is not unlikely that, as the procurement and rationing in rural areas policies are made more bearable, it will be possible to achieve more effective results and make the target of 1951 more attainable.

A Plea For The Status Quo

Mr. P. R. Das, presiding over the joint session of the Democratic Convention and the U. P. Zamindars' Conference, enunciated a political theory which, if followed implicitly, would fast reduce the country to anarchy. He pleaded for the growth of political parties as if this was a matter in the hands of the Government. The Government, any government, can only foster an atmosphere in which political parties can grow; it cannot set about developing opposition parties. So far as India is concerned, it cannot be denied that the atmosphere is there for political parties to develop. Otherwise, the Conference at Lucknow over which Mr. Das presided, would not have been possible, nor would many others which periodically occur. If these organisations and individuals lack the stamina to grow into parties, we do not see how the Government can be held responsible. Moreover, India has had for some years now the habit of looking to one party, the Congress. It is too early to expect an overnight change in this habit. Mr. Das' remarks on the measures in the U.P. and Bihar to deal with the zamindari problem are a complete revelation of his reactionary attitude on such questions. Obviously he is of the laissez faire school and wants the Government to cease interesting itself in the people's welfare. We can understand, and allow for, opposition to some particular measure on the ground that it is misconceived but this wholesale disapproval of everything that is done to bring home to the favoured a sense of their responsibility towards the underprivileged, is a perverse outlook.

Human Rights

From Lake Success comes a rather intriguing piece of information regarding the procedure adopted by the United Nations Human Rights Commission. The Commission has ostentatiously adopted the covenant of Human Rights but now it is not prepared to supervise the implementation of the same Covenant which has been extolled by some of the member-nations as its monumental achievement. This is a peculiar position, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, India's delegate, had tried her utmost to secure support for an article providing for the appointment of a seven-member committee to initiate an inquiry into complaints of violation of Human Rights. She revealed in an interview that the working group which met in Geneva had also recommended that the Implementation Committee should have the authority to supervise, but the voice of this working group has fallen on deaf ears and the Commission has refused to ensure supervision of the working of the Covenant. It would be interesting to know what the Implementation Committee will have to do, if it was not authorised to supervise how the Covenant was implemented by various member-nations. The stand taken by the Commission leaves certain member nations at liberty to flout the covenant by denying Human Rights to the people who have the misfortune to be under their colonial rub. It would lead to the dismissal of complaints even if they be serious enough to demand intervention of the United Nations. The Covenant of Human Rights might degenerate into a nuisance Curio if its proper enforcement is not ensured.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

An Unfair Attack

It has pained me to read your note on Pakhtoonistan in your issue of May 12, under the caption "Ill-Advised Statement". I am a Pakhtoon and have worked with the Khan Brothers who, you state, have fought gallantly for the cause of India's freedom and are respected comrades of the Congress leaders. They, along with their lieutenants, are in Pakistan Jail. We have no leader left to guide us in this critical time. Afghanistan has boldly come forward and taken up our cause and we are greatly indebted to the Government and people of that illustrious country for the unrestricted help that they are giving us in attaining our birth-right, not even considering the economic blockade that has been imposed upon them by Pakistan which has undoubtedly affected their national economy.

In India, Pakhtoons are in large number, but they are scattered, disorganised, and leaderless; they are cut off from their homeland and have no direct communication with their country. Some of them, who could not suppress their feelings and raised their voice in favour of Pakhtoonistan, have been noted down and cannot cross Pakistan into their country where their families are longing to meet them.

If I may say so, it was Mr. Liaquat Ali's statement that was ill-advised and not Sardar Najibull Khan's. Mr. Liquat Ali should not have exploited his American visit to discredit Pakhtoonistan movement and uttered unkind words towards Afghanistan and its leaders. We are very thankful to the Afghan Ambassador, Sardar Najibulla Khan, for giving a prompt reply to Mr. Liaquat Ali, and we have every hope that India would not deny us the courtesy of a little publicity in our dire need which is based on the unanimous aspirations of Pakhtoon nation.

HAKIM TAJ MAHOMED KHAN.

President, Pakhtoon Khudai.
Khidmatgar Jirga, Bombay.

Why A Briton?

Before the country could recover from the shock of the infamous Jute deal with Pakistan, through the mediation of Mr. J. R. Walker, Chairman, Indian Jute Mills Association, it will receive another rude shock in the appointment of Mr. C.C.C. Bell, to officiate as the Chairman of the Central Tea Board, during the absence on leave of its present Chairman, Mr. S. K. Sinha. We fail to understand how the Government of India, contrary to their recent statement, can assign such an important post to a European when qualified Indians, long connected with the Tea industry, are available. It is most inopportune, particularly at this moment when the World's Tea Market is being shifted from London to Calcutta. Serious developments are apprehended in the Tea and other allied industries and trade, to the detriment of the interests of India.

Reports are pouring in to the effect, that due to the manipulation of the European Group, some of the actions of the Central Tea Board have gone against the real interests of Indian Trade and industries. The position would now be worse still because of the appointment of Mr. Bell as Chairman of the Board.

Mr. Bell happens to be the Managing Director of a British Firm which has varied interests in U.K. Trade and East African Tea industry. We wonder how the Indian interest in the export of Tea and promotion of Tea Market can be served through a foreigner in such a key position as the Chairman, Central Tea Board.

A few weeks' ago this very gentleman spoke something most malicious and unwanted against the Indian Traders and Industrialists against which protests were made from the Indian quarters.

We have repeatedly urged upon the Government to protect the interest of National Industries and Trades from the clutches of the British octopus and we once again appeal to the Government to rise to the occasion and do their duty to the Indian industry and trade.

D. BASU.
General Secretary,
Bengal Trades Association.

Drug Control And Prohibition

Adulteration and spurious Drugs manufacture are so rampant in our state that we can claim to lead the country in that respect. Efforts of the enthusiastic Drugs Controller of the Bombay State with the meagre staff and resources at his disposal are no doubt praiseworthy. But one fails to understand why our popular Government who spends so much on enforcing Total Prohibition pays scant attention to better and effective Drug Control which is also another aspect of Health Services. In fact Government can make this Department self-sufficient by increasing the present license fees which are absolutely low and strengthen the forces so as to abolish the spurious drug trade. It is learnt that, even the detected cases are not sternly dealt with.

Our Government must rise to the occasion, more so now, because of the increase in the area due to merger of many states. I hope the Government will give due importance to this subject so as to help our illiterate brethern to secure genuine medicine and relieve their ailments.

M. H. PADHYE.

Why Discriminate?

Handloom weavers all over India, except the weavers of Bombay and C. P. States, will thank the Government for the measures adopted to aid the Handloom Industry. But the weavers in these two States are unfortunate not to get the benefits of the Government aid. In Bombay State, the production of sarees is 95 per cent out of total handloom production in the C. P. it is 70 per cent. So these two Provinces are debarred from Government aid. The reasoning of the Textile Commissioner is that, as soon as the Textile Commissioner is satisfied that sufficient progress in the production of sarees on handloom has been made to fill up the vacuum which will be caused by the proposed reservation, the orders to prohibit saree-manufacturing will be issued. The progress in the production of handloom sarees will be seen after the powerloom factories are prohibited from manufacturing sarees. Government has decidedd to give protection only because the handlooms cannot compete with powerlooms. Naturally the result is that, as long as the powerlooms are manufacturing sarees, progress in the production of handloom sarees is neither possible nor feasible. Nature abhors vacuums. As long as a vacuum is not created by prohibiting powerlooms from manufacturing sarees, the time for filling up the vacuum by increased handloom production of sarees will never come.

G. S. SATPUTE.
Secretary the Central Union of Handloom Weavers Co-operative Societies Ltd., Chalgaranj.

The Modus Operandi

Sardar Patel is on his visit to Cochin and Travancore now. Why does he not extend his tour to the Communist-ridden parts of the Andhra so as to study the situation at first hand and appraise the exact state of affairs for himself?

The Communist problem in Andhra has developed to such giddy heights that it is engaging the serious attention of the Centre. Something tangible has not to be done to cry a halt to their mounting atrocities.

With the help of Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary of the Congress, who is also incidentally touring Malabar, Sardar Patel can gather an intimate picture of the Communist excesses in Andhra. He can chalk out plans and devise methods for countering the menace by conducting personal meetings with Andhra Congress leaders.

K. VENKATESWARA RAO.

MEASURES TO IMPROVE FOOD POSITION

Review Of Orissa Activities

NEW DELHI, May 15. (PTI)

THE Orisa Government has prepared a census of all cultivable land in the various districts of the State for the resettlement of East Bengal refugees.

Giving this information, the latest fornightly report of Grow-More-Food Campaign in the States", available here, states that the Government propose to allot five acres of land per family and grant a loan for a house, bullocks, agricultural implements etc.

Another highlight of the report is the sanctioning of a "village co-operative scheme" in Madras to associate the cultivators more closely with the Government's plans for intensive food production.

The main functions of the village co-operatives will be to devise ways and means for the maximum utilisation of land and instruments of completed during the month ended April 15, 1950 and a sum of Rs. 6,12,130 was disbursed for the construction of an additional 908 wells.

In Orissa, a sum of Rs. 1.77 lakhs was spent on minor irrigation works during the fortnight ended April 15, 1950 bringing the total to Rs. 5.97 lakhs. In Rajasthan, construction of 155 new wells was completed and repairs to 135 old wells executed during the month ended April 15, 1950. Also, 12 pumping sets and nine Persian wheels were installed.

The co-operatives will also be in the nature of multi-purpose societies, one for each village, responsible for the efficient distribution of chemical fertilisers, improved seeds etc., for listing out cultivable waste and fallow lands and making arrangements to bring them under cultivation, for assessing the results of the various grow more food measures adopted and for making available to the government the additional yield of foodgrains.

IN THE PUNJAB

According to the report in the Punjab 12,927 monkeys and 119 jackals were killed during March, 1950 in the war against wild animals. Wild cows numbering 249 were captured and deratting campaign was carried on in an area of about 55,000 acres.

For meeting water requirements in Madras, construction of 222 wells was irrigation wells were completed during the fortnight ended March 31, 1950 and arrangements were made for purchase of 40 diesel engines for installing them at places where the waterlevel in the tanks has gone low.

COTTON CONTROL MUST END SOON

Only Way To Increase Yield, Says Kilachand

BOMBAY, Monday

AS long as controls over the price of cotton were not lifted by the Government, there is no hope of increased production which was so badly needed in these days of cotton scarcity, declared Mr. Tulsidas Kilachand, speaking at a reception given in his honour by the President and Directors of The East India Cotton Association Limited on the terrace of the cotton Exchange this evening.

Sir Purusottamdas Thakurdas, President of the Association was in the chair.

Mr. Tulsidas assured the members that in his capacity as the President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry he would do his best to try to solve the many problems facing the cotton trade today.

In this task, he would need the help and co-operation of the members, which, he hoped they would give willingly.

TRADE HIT

Cotton control had strangled the trade and the way out was not easy at all. Government was adamant in regard to the control policy though it had assured the trade that after September when the new crop would be ready, it might revise its policy of controls.

The most important point was that India did not grow all the cotton it needed and we had therefore to import large quantities of cotton from abroad at high prices which meant a "drain" of crores of rupees every year.

If the controls over price would be removed, there would be added incentive for increased yield and this "drain" could be checked considerably.

The Government's argument was that if price controls were to be removed price of cotton would shoot up which in turn would mean increase in cloth prices. Thus the whole price structure, which the Government was trying to stabilize would be affected and inflation spiral would become more vicious.

The other side of the question, however, was that without removal of controls, there was no possibility of increasing the yield of cotton.

He hoped that the Indo-Pakistan Agreement would result in liberal release of Pakistan cotton. Even if two lakhs of bales were to be imported from Pakistan, it would close the gap of the deficit of Indian mills.

The Government should take more active and vigorous measures to increase the yield and acreage under cotton than has been done hitherto. The problem could not be solved by imports from abroad alone and therefore he hoped that Government would pay more heed to the advice tendered by the Association in future.

Stop Press

GANG CAUGHT

CALCUTTA, May 15 (PTI)—The police today apprehended four members of a gang, believed to be responsible for a number of dacoities in the industrial suburbs of Calcutta, when they were about to be off on a "sortie". The police ambushed the party while they were boarding a taxicab on Barrackpore trunk road this afternoon in a northern suburb on Calcutta.

CHINA'S PROTEST

LAKE SUCCESS, May 15 (PTI-Reuter)—Chinese Foreign Minister, Chou En-lai, has cabled to the United Nations demanding that Chinese Nationalist representatives be expelled from four major United Nations specialised agencies.

TRYGVE LIE

MOSCOW, May 15 (PTI-Reuter)—M. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General and M. Andrei Vyshinsky Soviet Foreign Minister, lunched together today in an atmosphere described as most cordial.

DACCA TALKS

(Continued from page 1)

a.m. Amongst the subjects discussed were measures necessary to facilitate the return of the evacuees to their original homes. In this connection certain differences as to the interpretation of clauses (V) and (VI) of Section B of the agreement relating to the reinstatement of the evacuees in their original homes and the management of their property during their absence which were noticed during the last Chief Secretaries' conference, came up for discussion. All of these points have now been clarified. Agreed decisions were taken regarding some and as regards the remaining, outstanding differences have been considerably narrowed down. These will be further pursued at the forthcoming Chief Secretaries' conference which is fixed for the 23rd of this month in Shillong.

"With regard to industrial labour formerly employed in West Bengal who have evacuated to East Bengal as a result of the recent disturbances, it was agreed that the West Bengal Government would use their good offices with the employers concerned to get them reinstated in their original jobs on their return to their homes The West Bengal Government will also make whatever arrangement may be necessary for their safe return and stay in the areas concerned.

SALE OF ESTATES

"The Government of East Bengal have agreed to instruct their collectors to postpone the sale of defaulting estates that will come up for sale in June until the next sale day in the case of all landlords or group of landlords who are either sole proprietors or who maintain a separate account. This concession will however apply only to landlords who can prove that they migrated to India as a result of the recent disturbances."

BISWAS ASSUMES OFFICE

CALCUTTA: Mr. C.C. Biswas, Minister of State, External Affairs, has assumed office and taken up his headquarters at the Branch Secretariat of the Ministry of External Affairs which has been set up at Esplanade East, Calcutta.

Mr. K. Sen, ICS. has taken over as Joint Secretary in Charge of the Branch Secreariat.

Mr. Biswas has been appointed under the terms of the recent Delhi agreement on minorities. He will look after minority interests in West Bengal and will try to inspire confidence in minorities in East and West Bengal jointly with his Pakistan counterpart, Dr. A. M. Malek.

RECOVERY OF ABDUCTED WOMEN

DACCA: A Five-Member Advisory Committee presided over by the Provincial Relief Commissioner to advise the Government on the recovery of abducted women has been constituted by the East Bengal Government.

The Committee, which will start functioning immediately, has been set up under Section C (4) of the Indo-Pakistan agreement.

The members of the Committee are: Mr. N.M. Khan, Chairman, one representative of the Inspector-General of Police, the Secretary of the provincial branch of the All-Pakinstan Women's Association, Officer in Charge of the Displaced Persons Search Bureau and Mr. Ashalata Sen, an MLA of East Bengal.

PACIFIC POWERS' CONFERENCE

Not 'Anti-Communist'

DJAKARTA, May 15. (PTI-Reuter). Brigadier-General Carlos Romulo, Philippines President of the United Nations General Assembly, said here today that the conference of Pacific Powers starting at Baguio, Philippines, on May 25, would be "non-communist, but definitely not anti-Communist."

General Romulo, speaking at a press conference, said the Baguio talks would not be aimed against Asian Communism.

SYDNEY TALKS

(Continued from Page 1)

difficulties arising from the growth of new national governments.

He said first stages of preparation might include: technical assistance from outside, help in establishing indigenous training institutes and administration techniques, and steps by the governments of the countries concerned to "mobilise" savings for development purposes. In the early stages, the level of assistance required was undoubtedly beyond the capacity of the Commonwealth alone.

"What we can do is to make a start by formulating plans in accordance with our resources and by encouraging countries in the area to operate wise internal programmes." The proposals would require the support and co-operation of other countries and of any international bodies in a position to assist. He referred to the United States which has "already indicated great interest in the question of economic aid for South and South-East Asia."

INDIA'S INTEREST

India has taken keen interest in the problem of the economic development of South-East Asia, the Indian delegate, Mr. Ramaswami Mudaliar told the conference.

"We are very happy to know that the countries of the British Commonwealth are deeply interested in the problem of raising the living standards in South-East Asia.

"It is a policy of safety and sanity. Here will be stagnation if nothing is done. Therefore, the resources of Commonwealth countries should be mobilised if we are to do our best in this stupendous task.

"It is important that the discontent of the peoples now suffering intense poverty and in some cases acute distress should nevertheless create in them the desire to help themselves.

"This will stimulate all the nations of the Commonwealth to help bring about a stable condition.

Referring to the need for stability in the whole area Mr. Mudaliar said "there cannot be prosperity in one area and acute poverty in another.

"Millions who already are on a very low level must not be left to themselves. Such conditions will eventually lead to similar conditions elsewhere and drag other areas down to the same low economic level".

The Indian delegate also referred to the emergence of India, Pakistan and Ceylon as sovereign States.

He was pleased to hear the Australian External Affairs Minister and other delegates stress the importance of preserving the independence of these new governments.

On this question, he said "we are very sensitive".

BRITISH WELCOME

Lord MacDonald, Leader of the British Delegation, told the Conference he welcomed the note of confidence and determination sounded by all delegates.

"Economic planning in South-East Asia will be a very difficult task but I am satisfied we shall deal with that task successfully", he said.

Referring to the emergence of the three States of India, Pakistan and Ceylon, Lord MacDonald said, "We are proud of having played part in the freedom of these countries.

"They need not fear any attempt to undermine their political freedom as Britain wants to strengthen economic stability throughout South-East Asia".

RUSSIA WANTS NO SHOOTING WAR

U.S. Expert's View

WASHINGTON, May 15 (PTI-Reuter).

MR. JOHN FOSTER DULLES, AMERICAN REPUBLICAN PARTY FOREIGN AFFAIRS EXPERT, RECENTLY APPOINTED SPECIAL CONSULTANT TO SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON, SAID YESTERDAY THAT HE DID NOT THINK THE RUSSIANS WANTED A SHOOTING WAR.

"I do not think we necessarily face war, but I do think that we must develop better techniques and more strength to fight successfully the cold war," he stated in a radio interview.

Mr. Dulles said the Russians had made net gains in the cold war largely through success in Asia, where, he declared," they have won victories far greater than and Japan would have won if they had won the shooting war."

He attributed Soviet success in China to long preparation at a time when the United States let things drift.

Reds' Victims

LONDON, May 15 (PTI-Reuter):—Chinese Communist troops killed or wounded 5,416 Nationalists and took prisoner 23,885 in capturing Hainan Island, according to an army communique quoted by the New China News Agency.

Diwakar Meets Sinha

PATNA, May 15, (PTI). Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcastsing who came here last morning on a two-day visit called on Mr. Shri Krishna Sinha, Chief Minister, at his residence and was closeted with him for about an hour.

In the evening, Mr. Diwakar visited the All India Radio station.

P. M. Back In Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 15, (UPI): The Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru returned to New Delhi this morning after his two-day visit to Srinagar.

'COLD WAR' REVIEWED

Atlantic Pact Nations Meet

LONDON, May 15. (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED STATES Secretary of State Dean Acheson reviewed "cold war", developments in detail when he presided at the opening of four days of Atlantic Pact talks here today, usually reliable sources said tonight.

The meeting was attended by the Foreign Ministers of the twelve Atlantic Treaty States.

The western statesmen met to tackle the critical cold war problem of how the western world's defences can be strengthened and how this can be paid for without lowering existing standards of living.

Mr. Acheson's opening review followed the pattern set by his already known plans for a concerted effort to stop the East's policy by total diplomacy, the usually reliable sources said tonight. It contained no sensational new points.

Countries represented in the Atlantic Council are, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Britain, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal and the United States.

'DISMISS ACHESON'

ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY: Senator Joseph MacCarthy (Republican, Wisconsin) today asked President Truman to dismiss Secretary of State Dean Acheson whom the Senator accused of betraying the United States in Asia. The Senator, who has charged that Communists have infiltrated the State Department, made his demand in a speech at this East Coast resort.

BOMBAY RIOTS COMPENSATION

Notice To Claimants

BOMBAY, Monday: Persons who have been awarded compensation by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay in respect of their claims arising out of the various riots in Bombay from 1929 to 1941 and all other persons who are in any way concerned with these awards are requested to withdraw the amounts within three months from May 1, 1950.

If they fail to withdraw these amounts and if the amounts remain undisbursed they will be considered as unclaimed and will be disposed of according to the law.

RANGOON KIDNAPPERS ROUNDED UP

RANGOON, May 15, (PTI-Reuter): One hundred people were rounded up by police yesterday in an attempt to smash the kidnapping ring which, during the past month, ag victimised three wealthy Indian families here.

At an identification parade, later, the three vivtims Mr. Raman, of Fairweather Richards and Codpany, Mr. Z Khan of Rose Perfumery Works and Mr. Gaffar of Gaffar, Sutter and Kader, all of Rangoon picked out four men as their alleged kidnappers, and they were detained for further investigation.

It is now learnt that Mr. Gaffar was kidnapped on May 2 and released on payment of Rs. 3,200 ransom.

Specific Duties On Aluminium Imports Reduced

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 15

The Government of India has reduced, with effect from May, 15, 1950, the rates of additional specific duty on aluminium manufactures, such as plates and sheets, from Rs. 121 per ton to Rs. 46 per ton; aend on aluminium in crude from, including ingots and bars, from Rs. 328 per ton to Rs. 237 per ton. These specific duties on imports af aluminium manufactures and aluminium in crude form, in addition to the ordinary import duty of 30 per cent ad valorem, were announced on May 15, 1949.

A Notification announcing this decision is published in the Gazette of India (Extraordinary) of May 15, 1950.

Nine Arrests In Sangli

SANGLI, May 15, (UPI): Nine prominent persons including a member of the South Satara District Local Board from Shirala Mahal were detained under the Preventive Detention Act yesterday. It is learnt that the detention of these became necessary for investigation of the murder of the brother of Mr. M. G. Patil, Deputy Superintendent of Police, M.S.M. ant G.I.P. Railways, in November last

. Four persons from Shirala Mahal were arrested under Section 302 IP.C. in connection with the above Murder.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.

NEW YORK, May 15.

Previous closing	31.20
Today's opening	31.24
Difference	+4
Today's closing	31.20
Difference	Nil.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 15.

Stock Exchange opening prices:—Anaconda Copper Mininy 32

General Motors 81-1/4.

U. S. Steel commons 31-3/4.

U. S. Steel Pref. unquoted (PTI-Reuter).

U. N. WELFARE WORK IN FAR EAST

(Continued from Page 4)

Agencies, and on an average about ten such experts assist at each Seminar.

Some countries in the group of participating countries act as a host and invited the UN to hold the Seminar in their country, offering facilities of accommodation to the experts, office and meeting accommodation, secretariat staff needed, facilities for observation of activities or institutions, etc.

This is a still more costly service than the first two of Fellowships and Technical Consultants and takes about a year to organise. The Seminars last for 3 to 4 weeks. They have proved of great value as stimulators of thought and discussion followed by some action or concrete results, especially in under-developed parts of the world.

So far four Seminars have been successfully organised by the Division of Social Activities—two in Latin America (Columbia and Uruguay) one in Beirut for the Middle East or Arab countries and one at Paris in which seven European countries participated including the United Kingdom, and Scandinavian Countries, Belgium, Netherlands and Italy.

One In India

It is likely that a Seminar may be organized in India in the near future in one of the following subjects: (A) Reconstruction of village life and organization of Rural Welfare; (B) Social Consequences of Rapid Urbanisation in the Far Eastern Region (including the problem of Housing) and how to meet them; (C) Child and Youth Welfare.

It is not intended however merely to hold discussions on the subjects at the Seminar. While the subject or subjects will fairly be exhaustively treated by experts and discussed penetratingly with the teams of delegate-participants, it is intended that they do not merely end in a report of the discussions.

It is intended that each Seminar should result in the drafting of a short-terms and long-range "programme of action", drawn up for each country by its respective teams of participants, discussed thoroughly at the Seminar and finalised before they return to their countries. These can then be submitted to their governments or other organizations for implementation as soon as the financial support is forthcoming.

Pilot Project

4. The fourth service comprises a still more costly scheme of what is called a "Pilot or Demonstration Project" involving a more complex and laborious organization and applicable to a whole region or a major part of it. As the name implies; it is a project, which with the utilisation of widely placed resources especially of experts and teams of delegate-participants from the various countries in the region, actually demonstrates the methods and procedure of training a type of worker, conducting a type of institution, or carrying out a practical survey or project in the field.

It is therefore suggested that after the experience of the two or three Seminars in the region, it may be advisable to organize a Pilot Project in 1952 for the training of Social Workers specifically suited to work in rural areas.

The Pilot Project may actually be located in a town with a rural neighbourhood so that it may assume a more practical aspect, and the teams of participants from various countries of the Region may work in the midst of rural conditions. These teams of participants will then advise their governments about setting up such Projects for the training of social workers for rural areas in their own countries.

The Project will have to give practical guidance on such subjects as the availability of workers for training, the sources of their supply, the relative costs of such schemes, the possibility of setting up one or more training centres in each country, etc. The Project may be accompanied by an "Exhibition of rural arts and crafts" and plastacene, clay or cardboard models of villages and village life of the various countries of the region, each country sending such a typical exhibit for the purpose. The Project can thus serve a double purpose of demonstrating methods of training social workers for rural areas and of educating the pepulace.

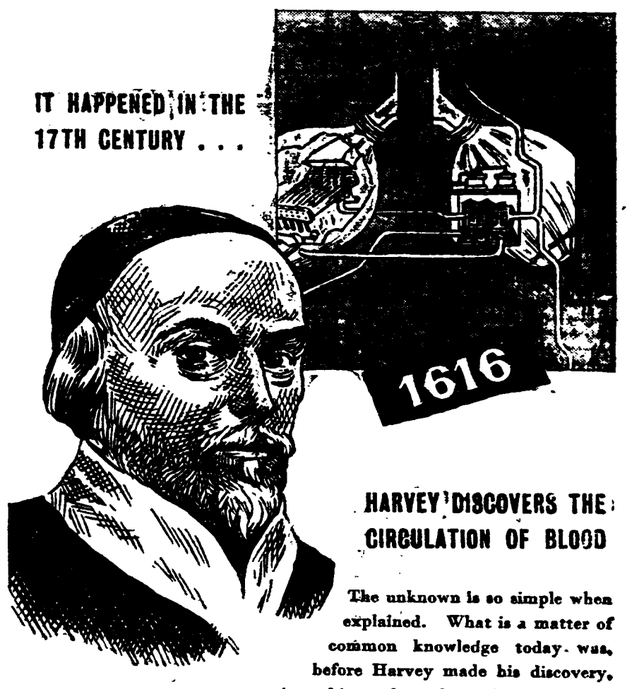
Prosthetic Material

5. The last item of service in the programme of UN advisory Social Welfare Services is the supply of "Prosthetic Material" such as artificial limbs, etc. to war-devasted countries. Catalogues of "films" bearing on social work and welfare, relief and rehabilitation, educattion of the people in looking after their own welfare,etc. and produced in various countries of the world as well as by the United Nations, have been prepared and are distributed on request either by the Headquarters at Lake Success or by various UN Information Centres.

"Other services": It is contemulated also to establish a "clearing house of information" in the field of social activities and issue a periodic bulletin of information containing literature and magazines published in various countries of the world in the field of social work and welfare.

The co-operation of Universities, Schools of Social Work and other public welfare organizations is sought in this connection by the Department of Social Affairs, and they are requested to furnish such inforfation for their countries to the United Nations.

Besides, the above activities, studies and researches are being made in various fields of social activities by the Department of Social Affairs as on Migration, Housing, Living Standards, Traffic in Women and Children etc. The work of drawing up Charters as of Human Rights, Children's Characcomplished or undertaken.



HARVEY DISCOVERS THE CIRCULATION OF BLOOD

The unknown is so simple when explained. What is a matter of common knowledge today was, before Harvey made his discovery, the subject of much confused thought.

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We Will Pay The High Price For Peace

CHICAGO, May 15 (PTI-Reuter): United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson, in a message read here yesterday, said that millions of people behind the Iron Curtain were with the United States in its work for peace.

"They know, as we know, that mankind is not doomed to live for ever in fear, in poverty and chains," he said.

Mr. Acheson's message was read to the national democratic conference by the Acting Secretary of State, Mr. James Webb.

HIGH PRICE

Mr. Acheson's message continued: "But they know, as we know, that freedom and prosperity and security are not easily won. The price is high—high in worldly goods and higher still

MR. ACHESON

in the wisdom and determination that it demands of us. But I believe that we will pay that price, and that all free peoples will pay it.

"If we do, we can build a peaceful world on the wreckage of the past. With God's help we will do it."

Mr. Webb told the conference that Americans had learned from two world wars and one great depression that they could not be happy at home if men and women in other lands were losing their fight for freedom, opportunity, justice, religion, and for decent food and shelter.

"NEVER BEFORE...."

Pointing to the creation of the United Nations, the Marshall Plan, the Truman Doctrine, the Rio and North Atlantic Pacts, and the Military Assistance Programme, Mr. Webb added: "Never before in history have there been five years of such solid, constructive and, we believe, enduring work for peace and human betterment on such a gigantic scale.

"No wild and irresponsible attacks, either abroad or at home, will divert us from forging ahead with this vast programme. We turn with courage and confidence to face the future."

Exam. Facilities In Dacca

DACCA, May 15. (PTI-Reuter): The Dacca University has decided to afford facilities to student refugees from West Bengal, who have completed their course at the Calcutta University to appear at the preliminary and final law examination of the Dacca University.

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WORLD FRONT AGAINST COMMUNISM

SINGAPORE, May 15 (PTI-Reuter): A consolidated world front by the Rotary Movement against Communism was urged in an address to the South-East Asia Annual Rotary Conference by Mr. B. T. Thakur over the week-end.

Mr. Thakur, a prominent Indian Rotarian and a past international Vice-President attended the meeting as a special representative of the Rotary International President.

He said Rotary's main work had been in the realm of ideology so far. It must now become more dynamic. Rotary's 300,000 members in 81 countries could present a consolidated front against Communism.

Weekes Falls Short By Two Runs Of Headley's Record Of 234

SCORE BOARD

WEST INDIES (1st Innings)

Alan Rae c. and b. Laker	96
R. E. Marshall c. Barton b. Alec Bedser	4
Frank Worrell c. Surridge b. Laker	17
Everton Weekes b. Alec Bedser	232
Clyde Walcott lbw b. Alec Bedser	128
R. Christiani (not out)	32
Extras (Byes 13, Leg byes 7, No balls 8)	28
TOTAL (for 5 wkts.) decl.	537

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Alec Bedser 31.5/5/75/3; Surridge 21/2/106/0, Parker 17/2/52/0; Laker 36/11/83/2, McMahon 29/2/111/0, Eric Bedser 14/1/82/0.

SURREY (1st Innings)

Fishlock c. and b. Gomez	10
Eric Bedser lbw b. Johnson	3
Parker b. Worrell	19
Constable c. Christiani b. Worrell	0
Barton b. Worrell	1
Whittaker b. Worrell	0
Laker c. Goddard b. Valentine	18
Alec Bedser c. Christiani b. Valentine	0
Surridge b. Williams	11
Kirby b. Gomez	16
McMahon c. Christiani b. Johnson	0
Extras (Byes 4; leg byes 2)	6
TOTAL	193

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—13; 2—63; 3—64; 4;70; 5—70; 6—108; 7—108; 8—131; 9—184; 10—193.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Johnson 14.3/2/43/1; Gomez 13/3/31/2; Williams 19/3/67/2; Worrell 13/6/13/3; Valentine 11 2/26/2; Goddard 2/1/7/0.

SURREY (2nd Innings)

Fishlock (not out)	55
Eric Bedser lbw Johnson	3
Parker b. Worrell	19
Constable c. Rae b. Gomez	15
Barton (not out)	4
Extras	1
TOTAL (for 3 wkts.)	102

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—18; 2—48; 3—97.

Simla Youngs Head Delhi Football League Table

NEW DELHI, May 15 (PTI)—In the senior division of the Delhi Football League this evening Simla Youngs beat Frontier by three goals to one.

Simla Youngs lead the league table with ten points while Frontier have so far gained only one point.

Other results:

Youngmen four, Aryan zero.

Indian Nationals w.o. Presidents Estate.

Football Tournament In Poona

POONA, May 14.

The Camp Football Tournment organised by the Poona District Football Association will commence from the 18th June next the tournament is open only to teams from Poona Cantonment area. The entires of the same close on 4th June.

SURREY FACES INNINGS DEFEAT AGAINST WEST INDIES

LONDON, May 15. (PTI-Reuter).

THE WEST INDIES outplayed Surrey today at The Oval and after declaring with only five wickets down compelled the County to follow on 344 runs behind. By close of play Surrey had scored -02 for three and still needed 242 to avoid an innings defeat.

After adding 69 runs this morning West Indies declared at 537 for 5 wickets and then skittled Surrey for 193.

vverton Weekes, world record breaking batsman, added further honours to his name with a double century. He joined George Headley as being the only West Indian to hit 200 in this country, but Weekes failed by two runs to equal Headley's best here, 234 not out against Nottinghamshire in 1939.

The weather was dull and cold today at The Oval in marked contrast to the hot sunshine on Saturday when the West Indies took 468 for four wickets off the Surrey bowling.

Weekes, 192, and Christiani, three resumed and added 69 runs before Weekes was bowled by Alec Bedser for 232 and with the score at 537 for five the innings was declared. At the fall of the wicket Weekes needed only three more runs to set up a record for the highest individual score made by a West Indian playing in England. G. Headley made 234 against Notts in 1939.

Weekes reached his 200 in five hours five minutes. Altogether he batted five hours 55 minutes and hit 26 fours.

Fishlock and Eric Bedser opened for Surrey.

At lunch Surrey had lost 5 wickets for 78 runs.

The West Indies' bowling in the opening stages on the easy-paced wicket did not look aggressive, though Gomez held a return from Fishlock with only 13 scored: Parker and Eric Bedser then added 50 in an hour before Bedser hitting against the break was caught off Williams.

It was then that Worrel quickly caused havoc in the Surrey ranks. In two overs and five balls he took three wickets for three runs, his last seven deliveries claiming the wickets of Constable, Barton and Whittaker without personal cost—the last two to consecutive deliveries.

Surrey were in a chastened mood after lunch, Parker and Laker showing the utmost care in dealing with the bowling of Johnson and Worrell. The latter sent down four successive maidens.

Replacing Worrell at ninety-five, Valentine also a left arm bowler, dismissed Laker and Alec Bedser with consecutive deliveries in his third over.

Parker reached a praiseworthy fifty in two and a quarter hours but was denied of his hundred by six runs when McMahon, last man in, touched a ball from Johnson to Christiani who made his third catch behind the wicket. Parker stayed three hours twenty minutes and hit seven fours in his 94 not out.

Following on 344 behind Surrey lost Eric Bedser at eighteen. Parker failed to repeat his first innings performance and went to Worrell's first delivery with the score at 48.

Fishlock, however, batted well and completed his 50 in 58 minutes. He and Constable added 49 for the third wicket and then the latter was out to a neat catch by Worrell. Barton and Whittaker added 29 for the fourth

DOWNWARD TREND IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Decline In Bengal Steel And Indian Iron

BOMBAY, May 15.

A bearish tone characterised the trading, for the new week at the Bombay Stock Exchange today. With steel price reduction apprehensions continuing, the market lacked enthusiasm, with the result, that business was slack, and fluctuations were confined to narrow range. Prices of the pivotal issues indicated a steady decline with persistent liquidation at higher levels.

Tata Steel Deferred which led the market, started low at Rs. 1692-8; and advanced upto Rs. 1696-4 under initial bull support. But the higher level attracted sellers, and with the liquidation of their holdings the share dwindled down to Rs. 1685. Scattered fresh support however kept the scrip steady, and Deferred again looked up to Rs. 1692, to be quiet at that level.

Tata Ordinary kept the pace with Tata Deferred and after fluctuating between Rs. 326-8 and Rs. 328 was steady at Rs. 327.

Indian Iron was pegged around Rs. 31-1, while Bengal Steel was firm at Rs. 22-4.

Textiles also indicated a downward trend in sympathy with Steel. Bombay Dyeing opened around its last closing level of Rs. 993-12, and with initial bull support could change hands at Rs. 995. But reaction soon followed, bringing down the price to Rs. 988-12. The scrip lacked fresh support and was quiet at this level.

Simplex was the only share that received good inquiry in this section. Opening at Rs. 211 it further advanced to Rs. 214, and kept up that higher level for the greater part of the session.

Kohinoor was also in moderate demand and was steady at Rs. 320-12 after travelling higher upto Rs. 322. Swadeshi and Central India were placed at Rs. 252-8 and Rs. 231, respectively, each after opening a little higher.

Among the miscellaneous group Scindia suffered further set-back being quoted at Rs. 11-14-6 after opening at Rs. 12-1. Bombay Burma was steady at Rs. 491-4. Construction fetched Rs. 89, while Tata Chemical and Associated Cement found buyers upto Rs. 12-1 and Rs. 155-8 respectively.

Banks were quietly steady, Central being quoted at Rs. 82-12, and Imperial Old at Rs. 1818-12. In the cash section Wimco further declined to Rs. 213.

Securities were steady with a moderate demand, 3 per cent 1986 Conversion Loan being quoted at Rs. 97-2.

During the closing part of the session, Indian Iron sharply declined to Rs. 30-13 on Calcutta liquidation. Bengal Steel also dwindled down to Rs. 20-14.

The closing tone of the market was one of quiet steadiness. Simplex further advanced to Rs. 216 and was firm at that high level. Tata Deferred finished at Rs. 1687-8.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8) XD	983 12
Kohinoor Mills (1)	319 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	251 0
Central India Mills (6)	230 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	216 0
New Great Eastern (8)	137 8
Indore (8-3)	111 4
Gokak Mills (12) XD	251 0
Century Spinning (15)	238 12
Indian Bleaching (6)	157 8
Swan Mills (20)	306 0
Finlay Mills (15)	250 8
Morarji Goculdas (S)	156 4
Edward Sassoon (30)	215 0
Meyer (12)	82 4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	11 8 6
India United Defd.	1 13 6
Madhusudan (15)	160 0
Podar (S)	133 12
Khatau	156 4
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	326 12
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1687 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-12)	142 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	155 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	498 12
Bellapur	227 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	12 5 6
Shivrajpur (1-8)	31 0
Scindia Steam (6-8)	11 13 6
Premier Construction	88 0
Tata Chemical	12 0
Tata Oil (2)	46 4
Indian Iron (0-12)	30 13
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 14
British India Corp. (0-2)	8 11
Indian Copper	2 7 9
Wimco	213 12
Alcock	326 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) XD	153 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1395 0
Tata Power (25)	1507 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	66 0
Phoenix (9)	138 4
Indian Mfg (40)	2950 0
Kuria XD	105 0
Colaba (12)	101 0
New City (11)	172 8
Minerva (12)	138 12
Bradbury (12)	585 10
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 4
Bharat Mills (2)	28 8
Mysore Defd (04)	160 10
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 4
Model Mills (13-8)	158 2
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	630 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	208 12
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur (200)	3160 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	18 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	44 12
Ahmedabad Advaice (3)	228 12
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 4
Madhusudan S (2-5)	32 0
Shri[illegible] Mills (8)	173 12
Rala Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar Mills	261 14
Victoria Mills	226 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) XD	121 14
Ahmedabad New XD	96 8
Surat Electric	135 0
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-6)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 4
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (8)	155 0
Bombay Suburban New	145 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India	1818 12
Imperial Bank P (0-12)	448 12
Central Bank	82 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	83 0
Bank of India (4) XD	178 0
Union (0-3)	7 3
Baroda (2-3) XD	121 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	45 8
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	562 8
New India (1-7)	62 12
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 7
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	38 8
Universal	9 0
BIG (1)	17 4
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	15 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
G. P. (1-14) XD	112 12
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	228 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	163 12
Burma Petrol	1 10
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Cunning (3)	56
Kemp and Co. (20)	311 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	55 8
Mukund Iron	4 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	146 4
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	147 8
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahalaxmi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	48 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1205 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1303 12
Hydro Electric (7) XD	128 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	225 0
Central India (5)	651 4
Swedish Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (6-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	135 0
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	126 4
Walchandnagar	1130 0
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 3
National Rayon	76 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	3 0
New Victoria	2 6
New Victoria Pref	4 10
Phalton	91 0
Gold Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan X R C.D	101 0
Osmanshahi X.R C.D.	125 0
Ajam Shahi	125 0
Air Service	4 0
Air India	64 0
Hind Motor	5 8
India Steam	7 0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY May 15.

While forward Silver ruled firm today, forward Gold was steady with moderate fluctuations. The tone of the market was fairly cheerful.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 187-2 and on steady bull support advanced rapidly to Rs. 187-12 without any setback. Ready Silver was placed a rupee higher.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 118 and after losing four annas on initial selling regained the lost ground on fresh bull support. Later on the metal was steady at its opening level of Rs. 118.

Ready Gold was quoted as Rs. 119.

As the session advanced, there was continuous liquidation in forward gold, which steadily declined and came to be quoted at Rs. 117-11, and finished at a little higher level.

Forward silver was steady, absorbing much of the selling pressure.

Following were the quotations when the market closed for the day:

	Rs. as.
Forward silver	187 9
Ready silver	188 1
Forward gold	117 12
Ready gold	118 8

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 15.

The Bombay Seeds market ruled dull today, with very little turnover, and prices almost unchanged at overnight closing levels. Following were the quotations when the market closed for the day.

GROUNDNUT—			
Khandesh quality ready	Rs.	45	4 0
Madras Coromandal		45	0 0
Bold Ready		44	4 0
Oil Bombay Mills		24	6 0
Oil Upcountry Mills		23	7 0
Oil May		23	7 0
Oil June		23	13 0
LINSEED—			
Bold Ready		37	5 0
Small Satna		36	3 0
May		37	5 0
Oil June		21	2 0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Castorseeds ready		28	0 0
Madras ready		28	4 0
June		28	9 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 15.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	94 14
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 14
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97 1
2 1/2 per cent 1950	99 9
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 4
2 3/4 per cent 1973	95 12
2 per cent. Con.	97 2
3 per cent 1951-54	101 2
3 per cent 1953-55	101 8
3 per cent 1957	101 5
3 per cent 1959-61	101 1
3 per cent 1963-65	100 5
3 per cent 1966-68	100 1
3 per cent 1970-75	99 13
2 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 0
4 per cent 1960-70	109 14
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	100 12
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110 0
4 1/2 per cent 1953-56	112 10
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
3 per cent Bombay 1962	99 0
2 3/4 per cent C P 1961	97 2
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1981	97 2
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 4
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 8
3 per cent C P 1952	100 6
3 per cent U P 1952	100 6
3 per cent N. W. F 1952	98 2
3 per cent U P 1901-68	99 8
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	98 9
4 per cent B.P.L long dated	110 0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109 12
3 per cent Bombay Muni 1959	113 8
3 per cent K. P. I 1950	113 0

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, May 15.

Following were the closing quotations in the Bombay Artificial silk yarn market, today:

120 Ready Japan	7 2
150 Ready Japan	5 14
120 Ready Italy	6 4
120 Ready Italy	5 13
150 D Box July	1038 0

CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 12th May 1950 were as under:

Number of Cheques: 1,89,571

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 56,81,39 694-6-6.

BOMBAY PEPPER

BOMBAY, May 15.

Closing black pepper prices in the Bombay market today for Jeth delivery were quoted at Rs. 3100 to Rs. 3120. Those of Ashad Delivery were placed at Rs. 3130 to Rs. 3150.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

MADRAS, May 15.

Following are today's closing quotations at the Madras Stock Exchange:

SECURITIES: Government of India 3 per cent paper 97; 3 per cent 1986 97/1, 3 per cent 1953/55 101/8; 3 per cent. 1966/68 100; Government of Madras 3 per cent, 1966 100/4.

BANKS: Travancore 14/14.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19, Mysore 46/4, Travancore 5/5.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/6 6, Cochin Malabar 5/6 6, Devashola 16, Ouchterlony 6/4, Pullangode 1/10, Thirumbadi 2/4 6, T. R. and T. Co. 5/5, Waterfall 3/5.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 137, pref. 188, Coimbatore C M 137, ditto Spg. 52/8, Lakshmi 74/8, Madura 36/12, Mettur 335, Radhakrishna 182/8, Rajalakshmi 74/8, Ranga Vilas 57/8, Trav. Rayons 4, Trichinopoly 11, Vasanta 111.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70, India Cement 17/8, Mettur Chem. 5/1, Mysore Chem. Fert 7/13. (PTI-Reuter).

Calcutta Stock Exchange Slightly Easy

CALCUTTA, May 15 (PTI-Reuter)—The market continued its higher trend towards teas while jute and miscellaneous industrials and more speculative issues slightly eased off due to profittaking.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.

GOVT. SECURITIES—3 per cent Govt. paper 97, 3 per cent loan 1986 97-4, 3 per cent loan 1951/54 101-1-6, 3 per cent loan 1953-55 101-6, 3 per cent loan 1963-65 100-5, 3 per cent loan 1970-75 99-14.

BANKS—Bengal Central 7-12, Hindustan Commercial 23, Hindustan C. Mercantile 20-4, United Commercial 46-4.

COTTONS:—Cawnpore Textiles 10-8 Elgin Mill 16-8, New Victoria ory 2-7, do Pref 4-14.

COALS:—Bengal 520, Bhulanbararee 13-6, Burrakur 14-5, Dhemo Main 17-1, Katas Jherria 35, Equitable 48, Kalapahari 37-12 cs., Western Bengal 5-11.

JUTES—Anglo-India 234, Barnagore 231, Belvedere 268-8, A. Howrah 31, Kanknarrah 184, Megna 144, National 25-10, Orient 216, Presidency 7-6 Reliance 23-14, India 166 s lot, Kinnison 218, Naihati 155, Nuddea 73.

ENGINEERINGS:—Indian Iron 30-14 Jessop and Co. 15-1, Kumardhubi Eng. 8-4, Marshalls 7-5, Saran Eng. 9-12, Steel Corp 22, Textile Machinery 7-6.

MISCELLANEOUS—Burma Corp 3, Consolidated Tin 0-14-0, Indian Copper 2-3, Tavoy Tin 0-9-0, Karanpura Dev 22, Sone Valley Cement 6-12, Calcutta Electric 15-14, BIC 8-10 Eastern Investment 152, F and C Osler 5-5, Indian Cable 52-2, Indian Wood Products 37-4, Jardine Henderson 152 s lots, Martin Burn 16-2, National Tobacco 19-12, Rohtas Industry 5-15, British Burma Petrol 1-12, Bengal Paper 48, s o l, Titaghur Paper 38-4, Assam Saws 8-4, India Steamship 7-2.

SUGARS:—Belsund 4-9, Carew and Co. 9, Darbhanga 9-14, Raza 12-4, Samastipore 11-4 ct.

TEAS—Banarhat 329, Birpara 175, Hantapra 220, Jaybirpara 38, New Dooars 370, Patrakola 202, Teen Ali 21-2, Bateli 16-2, Bishnauth 40, Dufflaghur 32-8, Hansqua 23-12, Hasimara 43-4, Hattijkhira 15-1, Teliapara 202.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 15.

Market observed a setback from the higher level.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 263, lowest 261-12.

Arvind opened 768, lowest 765, highest 770

Ambica opened 306 (ex dividend), lowest 305.

Deferred opened 1694, lowest 1682.

Closing quotations: Calico 262-4, Arvind 766, Ambica (xd), 305, Deferred 1682, Commercial 640, Bihari 195, Vijay 447-8, Sarangpur Cotton 1425, Atul 33-8.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Tata Ordinary 326, Tata Deferred 1685, Indian Iron 30-12, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21-12, Bombay Dyeing 987-8, Central India 230, Gokak 251, Kohinoor 319, Simplex 211, Swadeshi 250, Tata Power 1050, Associated Cement 155. Belapur 228, Bombay Burma (Old) 485, Scindia 11-14, Central Bank 83, New India 63. Tata 2nd Pref. 143.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY Monday.

Apollo 2-11-6 (Ex Div)
Bharat 29 18-8
B. Dyeing 993-12 95 83-12 85 83-12
C. India 232 31 32-8 30
Century 238-12
Colaba 101
Elphinstone Ord 66
Finlay 250
Gokak 252 50-8 52 50-8 51
I. U. Defd 1-14 1-13-6
I.U. Ord 11-12 11-12-6
Indore 111-4
Kohinoor 321-12 22 18-12 20-12 19
Meyer 82-8
New Great 137-8 (Ex Div)
Phoenix 137-8 38-2
Podar 133-12
Sholapur 3160
Simplex 211-8 16-8 15 16
Svadeshi 255 52-8 53-8 51
Vishnu 208-12
Scindia 12-1 11-9-6
Baroda 121
Central 82-12 82-8
Central New 83
Imperial Old 1815 18-12
Imperial New 448-12
India 178
Ahmedabad 122-8 23-2 21-14
Andhra Ord 1395
Andhra Pref. 1205
Suburban 155
Surat 135
Hydro 153-8 53
Power 1505 10 7-8
Empire 560 70 62-8
New India 63-4 62-12
Oriental 4870
B. Steel 22-2 22-4 21-14
I. Iron 31-1 31-2 30-15-6 31-1 30-13
Tata Defd 1692-8 96-4 85 93-12 83-12 87-8
Tata Ord. 327 28 26-8 27-8 26-4 27 26-12
Tata 2nd Pref. 142
Alcock 326-4
A.C.C. 156 55-8
Belapur 229 27-8
B. B. Old 492-8 87-8 91-4 87-8 88-12
B. B. New 166-4 63-12
B. B. Petrol 1-11-3 1-10
B.I.C. 8-11-6 8-11
I. Copper 2-4 2-3-9
Dharamsey 55-8
P Construction 89 87-4 88
Shivrajpur 31
Tata Chemical 12-1 12
Tata Oil 46-8 46-4
Wimco 213-2 14-6 13-12

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 96-8
Coorla Mills 106-4 4-6 5
Vishnu Cotton Pref. 675
New Great Ins. 18

Sugar Production And Stocks

NEW DELHI, May 15.

The opening stock, production, despatches and the closing stock of sugar in respect of Central sugar factories in the Indian Republic during the fortnight ending April 15, 1950, were 14,956,000 mds. 993,000 mds., 956,000 mds. and 14,993,000 mds. respectively, reports the Director, Indian Institute of Sugar Technology, Kanpur, on the basis of returns received under Suvar Proauction Rules, 1935.

The figures for the corresponding fortnight of the previous season were 14,312,000 mds., 1,666,000 mds., 1,612,000 mds., and 14,366,000 mds. respectively. Figures for the current fortnight relate to 128 factories representing 93,441 per cent of the total cane crushing capacity while the figures of the previous year relate to 119 factories representing 88.5 per cent of the total cane crushing capacity.

The total figures for the production and despatches of sugar since November 1 1949, are reported to be 25,734,000 mds. and 10,978,000 mds., respectively as against the corresponding figures of 24,491,000 mds. and 15,584,000 mds. during the previous season.

Production of sugar for the season 1949-50 prior to November 1949, amounted to 91,000 maunds.

JUTE PRODUCTION GOING AHEAD

Sardar Datar Singh's Review

BANGALORE, May 15. (UPI): Sardar Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman of the Indian Council of Agriculture and Scientific Research reviewed in an interview here today the progress made in jute and mesta production in the various Indian States.

He said that though nearly 20,000 acres of land had been brought under jute cultivation in Travancore-Cochin, there was a termendous set-back in jute production on account of late rains last season which had brought in saline water.

Jute and mesta cultivation in West Bengal and Orissa, he said, had recorded good progress and production of other fibres was being experimented. About 5,000 maunds of mesta seeds had been supplied to West Bengal and 2,500 to Orissa besides local resources of seed procurement, in an effort to increase its cultivation.

Bombay the Sardar pointed out, had a scheme to increase mesta cultivation by 1,00,000 acres and the East Punjab and PEPSU Governments were also contemplating the increase of area under mesta.

MARCH OF FREEDOM

LONDON, May 15 (UPI): A common law to counter subversive activities, sedition, including Communist-inspired political activity in the East African colonies in Britain is being planned by Britain.

The Governments of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika are drafting new laws, reciprocal in all East African territories, by which arrests can be made, printing presses seized, bodies promoting political objects by displays of physical force can be banned, and the wearing of political uniforms or symbols forbidden.

FREE SALE OF COTTONSEED IN SURPLUS AREAS

Government To Revise Earlier Orders

BOMBAY, Monday.

WITH a view to eliminating irrational movement and stabilising prices the Government of Bombay, in February 1950, regulated the movement of cottonseed under permits from one zone to another, one of the zones being the Bombay Rationed Area or Greater Bombay and the others corresponding more or less to the three Revenue Divisions. It also declared that it would at any time purchase cottonseed at Rs. 10 per maund in Gujarat and the Deccan and Rs 9-8-0 in Karnatak

Thereafter, in April, the Government froze all stocks of cottonseed in the cotton growing districts and called for stock declarations from ginning factories, merchants and other stockists, in order to ascertain the stock position in the State.

On reviewing the stock position, the Government has made arrangements to purchase certain quantities in the Districts of Broach, Baroda and Surat at Rs. 10 per Bengal Maund as reserve stocks to meet emergent requirements in deficit districts. All other stocks have now been ordered to be released for free sales, subject to the condition that the traders observe the ceiling price of Rs. 11 per maund in the Northern and Central Divisions and Rs. 10-8 per maund for the Southern Division for wholesale transactions.

The retail price must also be related to the ceiling wholesale rate for the area. In the event of the prices going beyond these ceiling prices the Government may be compelled to take out stocks at a rat enot exceeding Rs. 10 and Rs. 9-8 per maund respectively.

MOVEMENT TO AREAS

The District Magistrates of all the surplus Districts viz., Broach, Baroda, Surat, Sabarkantha, Panch Mahals, West Khandesh, Belgaum, Bijapur and Dharwar have been authorized to issue permits for movement of cottonseed to deficit districts in zones other than those in which their Districts are situated but the Collectors of Broach, Baroda and Surat will issue such permits only after the stocks desired by the Government in their Districts are fully purchased and this is being completed as soon as possible. Exports from the above named Districts to other Districts in the same zone will not require permits as at present.

Exports from the deficit Districts, viz., other than the Districts mentioned above to places outside the Districts, whether in the same zone or in any other zone, are, however, being prohibited by the Collectors.

The stocks purchased by the Government will be available for supply to any co-operative societies willing to purchase them for sale to consumers direct. The co-operative societies in the deficit Districts should approach the Government through their respective District Magistrates for allotment of cottonseed from the surplus Districts. These societies will be allowed to purchase stocks either from stockists in surplus Districts at Rs. 10 per Bengal Maund ex-godown or from the Government godowns at such rates as may be fixed after adding incidental charges.

NEED FOR INDO-PAK FEDERATION

People's Realist Party Deliberations

BOMBAY, Monday.

At the last weekly reception held by the People's Realist Party, the world petrol situation with special reference to its effect on India's foreign policy and Commonwealth relations was considered—and views exchanged in the course of discussion.

The reported candid revelation by Pandit Nehru that the urge and incentive for the Indo-Pak Agreement largely derived from fears and uncertainties governing supplies of dollar petrol and sterling petrol to India in war times was shown to indicate a glaring lacuna in the national security framework.

It was therefore resolved to help concert all measures to expedite and speed up scientific experiments for synthetic oil and to initiate researches for exploration of possible oilfields in accessible area.

FREE FEDERAL STATE

As a means of national recovery and as a standard target for constructive work, it was resolved to propagate and popularise the objects of establishing a Himalayan Free Federal State, constituted on the highest principles of real freedom and democratic sovereignities—comprising as component States such self-evolving autonomous units as United Bengal, Pakistan, Jammu and Kashmir, India.

On account of such an achievement of the Himalayan Free Federal State, Asian co-prosperity would receive a great impetus. The operation of such a pattern of federal polity for the whole region enjoying a free trade zone unhindered by customs barriers, commanding advantages of allocation of industries and regional dispersal, and greater freedom in transportation of surplus products of one part to scarcity are—such an operation would require best administrative talents.

Besides, such a progressive Himalayan Free Federal State, it was anticipated, would not fail to attract neighbouring States like Burma, Nepal, Ceylon, Afghanistan, Persia etc. by virtue of manifest demonstrations in the field of rising national wealth greater productivity, better income per capita—and greater social security and political stability in the area. The adherence of such neighbouring friendly countries would be welcomed on suitable terms to be negotiated at appropriate times.

Consideration of the United Nation Organisation was also attended to. It was felt that the defects, irregularities and failures of the grand system should receive considerable sympathetic understanding and affectionate regards—and further discussion on the subject was adjourned.

500 RATIONING WORKERS TO BE DISMISSED

Bombay's Economy Drive

BOMBAY, Monday

IT is reliably learnt that the Government of Bombay will terminate with effect from June, 1, the services of 500 of its employees, from the rationing departments of both the City and the mofussil.

First step in the implementation of Government's economy drive, this will affect 250 persons working in Bombay, and an equal number in the districts.

It is also learnt that Government need give no notices to these persons, as they are on the temporary staff. They were regarded as surplus by the Retrenchment Committee appointed by Government.

Other retrenchments are expected to follow.

Trams To Be Taken Over

NEW DELHI, May 15 (UPI): Delhi's antiquated tram service is to be taken over by the Delhi Transport Authority. Till now the tramways were being run by the Delhi Central Electric Power Authority.

It is officially explained that the changeover has been necessitated by the new rules and regulations of DCEPA. According to these rules, the DCEPA can only generate and distribute electricity and do nothing else.

Panikkar In Peking

LONDON, May 15 (PTI-Reuter): Sardar K. M. Panikkar, first Indian Ambassador to the Chinese People's Republic, arrived in Peking yesterday, with his wife according to a New China News Agency report received in London.

Dr. Panikkar was Indian Ambassador to Nationalist China before India's recognition of the Communist regime.

Given Away

WASHINGTON, May 15 (UPI): The Rockefeller Foundation has given away a total of £150,000,000 in the past 37 years, the Foundation's annual report has disclosed.

SALE OF CLOTH AFTER MAY 15

Textile Commissioner's Warning

BOMBAY Monday.

The Textile Commissioner to the Government of India has permitted cloth or yarn manufactured by the mills after 31st July 1948 and prior to 1st April 1949 to be sold in loose condition upto 30th June

Dealers having bales or cases of cloth or yarn packed after 31st July 1948 and prior to 1st April 1949 in packed condition are informed that they cannot buy or sell or keep such cloth or yarn in un-opened condition after 15th May 1950.

Those dealers who are licensed to sell in retail must open the bales or cases and dispose of the cloth or yarn by 30th June 1950.

Dealers who are not licensed to sell in retail or who cannot and do not intend to open the bales still lying with them on the 15th May 1950, should report them to the State Textile Controllers under clause 29(2) of the Cotton Textiles (Control) Order, 1948, so that the Controllers receive the report before the 20th May 1950. Such dealers should then act according to the instructions received from the Controllers.

Failure to comply with the above instructions will render the cloth or yarn involved liable to seizure and further action says a press note.

HOUSES FOR DPS AT ULHASNAGAR

Can Be Bought Or Rented

BOMBAY, Monday.

About 300 three-room tenements are available at Ulhasnagar (Kalyan) for being offered to displaced persons. The tenements will be sold outright or on the instalment basis or rented at Rs. 35-8 per month by the Government, exclusive of municipal and property taxes. In the allotment of the bulk of the tenements preference will be given to the inmates of the Kalyan Relief Camps, but residents of Madh and Akbar Camps will also be considered if they apply.

The following order of priority will be observed if this seems indicated. (i) Persons willing to purchase the tenements outright; (ii) Persons willing to purchase the tenements on instalment basis, (iii) Persons willing to rent the tenements.

The cost of the tenements is approximately Rs. 6,000.

Only displaced persons who have registered themselves under the Bombay Refugees Act, 1948, before January 15, 1950 or hold a Census Certificate and who do not own a house or building site in the State of Bombay or anywhere else in India will be entitled to purchase or rent a tenement.

Intending applicants for the tenements should adduce proof of their being bona fide displaced persons as prescribed above. They should clearly state whether they wish to purchase the tenements outright or on the instalment basis or to rent them and whether they will accept any tenement allotment. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Rehabilitation, Cooperage, Bombay, by May 31, 1950.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

DON'T RUN BEFORE YOU CAN WALK

Sardar's Advice To Congress Workers

TRIVANDRUM, May 15, (PTI).

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL, India's Deputy Prime Minister, told a meeting of Congress workers here this morning that during his short stay at Cochin and Trivandrum he had been happy to finad that the Travancore-Cochin Ministry was functioning as a team.

He appealed to the workers to strengthen the hands of the Ministry and other local Congress leaders and aim at making India into the solidified whole. India, Sardar Patel said, must stand solidly against all attacks and it must now try to use all its energies for the removal of the miseries of the people. "This we cannot do unless we are all united".

The Deputy Prime Minister said the Congress and the Central Government had received representations that Travancore-Cochin should go to Madras, linguistic province should be formed and other representations. But to all he would only say this: "Let us go to the Indian Union".

The meeting was attended by the Chief Minister, other Ministers, Mr. C. Kesavan, President of the Travancore District Congress Committee and Mr. K. Ramakrishna Pillai, Secretary of the Travancore District Congress Committee.

REAL DIFFICULTY

Sardar Patel who was addressing the workers in English told them: "I wish I could learn Malayalam and to speak to you in that language. It is difficult for me to learn Malayalam now. But I would earnestly appeal to you to start learning righ tfrom now the national language—Hindi".

He said: "If you want to hold your position in the Central Government and in the central organisation you must change your outlook in the sense that you must learn now as quickly as possible the language which is recognised under the Union Constitution. If you do not do that now you are likely to lag behind and that will be disadvantageous to you and perhaps harmful".

Sardar Patel complimenting the workers on the good work that they had been doing in this area said: "I am very glad to meet you all—Congress workers—this morning. You must have by this time learnt largely what I have to say to the Congress workers because I have given expression to my views both in Cochin and in Trivandrum.

"If I had not come here perhaps I would not have known actually what is the real difficulty of the Congress here. I am glad I came here and came in contact with many of your workers. I have now practically got first hand knowledge of this area and I feel I will now be able to deal with any question that may come up for discussion in the Centre either in the Government or in the Congress".

CHECK DISHARMONY

"I am happy to find that the Ministry is functioning as a team. There are places where ministries are not functioning as one happy family and if there are differences among the Ministers themselves then it is difficult to carry on any government. The other difficulty arises when there is no harmony between the Congress organisation and the Ministry. Therefore any sign of disharmony and disruption must be immediately checked; and if they are not checked in time then the Congress organisation must suffer".

"Let me once again appeal to you that we must all stand united and I must emphasise we must have patience and must not begin to run before we are able to walk.

"It may tell you as responsible leaders of the country we cannot but have sympathy for all component parts of this country. But we have to deal with all problems at the appropriate moment. If we are to deal with each question at an inappropriate or improper time then the repercussions will be great".

HYDERABAD, May 15, (PTI): Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Chief Minister of Hyderabad, is leaving Hyderabad tomorrow for Ooty for a fortnight's stay there. He will stay at the Nizam's palace "Cedars"

Mr. D S. Bakhle, Home Minister Hyderabad Government, will be in charge of general Administration and Army portfolios during Mr Vellodi's absence.

A THEATRE AS GIFT

INVERARY, Scotland.

THE Marquess of Lorne, 12-year-old son of the Duke of Argyll, has given this town (population 455) its first cinema.

Known to one and all as Ian, the Duke's son got bored of a Saturday afternoon in his father's castle. He also could not afford to travel 26 miles to the nearest theatre every week. So he consulted his father, spoke to his friends, hired a hall, obtained a cinema projector and announced "Finest pictures now showing."

The pictures are silent and many of them are Westerns. But that does not deter houses of more than 100. The young Marquess operates the projector and the proceeds go to the Boy Scout funds.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY TRAINING

Indian Offer To ECAFE

BANGKOK May 15, (PTI): Indian delegate, Mr Jhangoir Singh, told the Industry and Trade Committee of the E. C. A. F. E., now in session here that India was prepared to make available to the other countries of the ECAFE region facilities for traning men in geological surveys.

The Indian delegate stated that India had at present facilities for training such students in 14 Universities and trainng camps. She would welcome students from other countries. In the next three or four years, India would also be to spar officers to help the other countries.

India's offer was welcomed by the Pakistan delegate, who stated that the Lahore University was also instituting geology courses.

Earlier, the Indian delegate offered research and laboratory facilities available in India for research on iron and steel to the ECAFE countries.

The Committee on Industry and Trade is continuing discussion of the Steel and Iron Sub Committee's report, and the report on the status of coal and iron ore surveys in some of the ECAFE countries.

MASS LITERACY SCHOOLS

Grants Rules Relaxed

BOMBAY, Monday.

On a representation made by the Association conducting Mass Literacy Schools, the Government of Bombay has directed that those schools which were receiving grants direct from the Government before the coming into force of the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1947, should be paid grants at the prescribed rates on account of their expenditure on payment of dearness allowances to their teachers during the year 1949-50 on the basis of expenditure incurred by them on that account in that year.

This concession has been given because these schools were hard hit due to the application of the Bombay Primary Education Rules 1949, which required that the grant should be paid in a year on the expenditure incurred during the preceding year. However, these schools have been told that grants due to them during the year 1950-51 will be calculated strictly according to the provisions of the Bombay Primary Education Rules, 1949.

War Against V. D. In Russia

DR. PRABHU OUTLINES STATE MEASURES

BOMBAY, Monday.

The great progress made in Soviet Russia in fighting venereal diseases and regulating prostitution which was the main cause of the spread of syphilis and generrhoea, was explained by Dr. P. H. Prabhu of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences at the General Annual Meeting of the Bombay Social Hygiene Council at the Civil Secretariat this evening.

Expressing at the outset that he was speaking as a student of social science and was not in the least interested about the kind of Government Russia was having or about its political pattern, Dr. Prabhu gave a detailed report of the activities and campaign followed by the U. S. S. R. in the field of social hygiene. After giving a brief outline of the geographical features of the country which he compared with our own, Dr. Prabhu explained how before the revolution Russia was ridden with disease and how its mortality was very high. He also stated that before 1917 practically all the medicines in Soviet Union were imported from outside.

Dr. Prabhu also stated that in the clinics set up by the Russian Governments the patients were put to grea ease and the treatment was made easy and attractive. If despite these facilities there were still people who were fighting shy of the treatment offered to them free of charge, he said, there was a law that gave power to arrest those who refused to undergo treatment.

PREVENTION

He also stated that greater attention was paid in Russia to prevention rather than cure. The source of infection was immediately traced and whole families of the affected were regularly kept under observation. Also through lectures and propaganda the people were kept alive to the dangers of the disease, he said.

Referring to prostitutes, Dr. Prabhu said that they were issued with yellow tickets under the new Soviet order. It was not the police but health autnorities who were entrusted to tackle this question. He also expressed that since prostitution is the result of unemployment the Government of Russia saw that those women who sold their flesh to eke out a living were provided with work.

Dr. Prabhu also referred to the reforms carried out in Germany during the last century in this sphere.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Local Government Department who presided over the meeting thanked Dr. Prabhu for his elucidating and educative lecture and expressed the hope that the Government of Bombay with the active co-operation of the doctors will be able to formulate a definite plan of action to fight the disease very effectively.

Earlier the annual report and statement of accounts of the Council were adopted. Also the Office Bearers and Executive Committee for the current year were elected, Dr Gilder once again becoming the President, Lt.-Col. M. G. Bhandari, Chairman and Drs. Socrates Noronha and B. C. Das Gupta, Hon. Secretaries.

5 COMMUNISTS SHOT DEAD

Encounters With Police

SECUNDERABAD, May 15 (UPI and PTI): Three Communists were shot dead on May 12 in an exchange of fire between the Special Armed Police and a group of armed Communists led by Poornanandam, its leader, at Pocharam, Madhira taluka in Warangal District. No loss is reported on the side of police.

The dead bodies including that of Poornanandam were taken to Khammamet Hospital for post-mortem.

A rifle and some Communist literature were recovered from their person.

VIJAYAVADA: Two persons described as "wanted Communists" were killed in an encounter with the police on Saturday night in a village in the Divi taluk of Krishna District, according to reports reaching here.

The two persons belonged to an armed party that was seen marching on the village and was intercepted by police late on Saturday night. According to the police, rewards had been announced for the capture of these two men.

Liaquat Ali Khan Arrives In San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan, arrived in the golden gate metropolis of San Francisco this evening to spend four days here.

Within a few hours he was addressing his first press conference on the west coast in this city of about 736,000 people. He was dining tonight as the guest of Mr. Alden Roach, President of the Columbia Steel Company.

Mr. Khan, accompanied by the Begum, Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani, Pakistan's Ambassador to the United States, and Mr. S. M. Ikramullah, Pakistan's Foreign Secretary, flew in the late President Rossevelt's four-engined airliner "Sacred Cow" by way of Cheyenne in Wyoming.

This nine-hour flight over 1,590 miles gave the Prime Minister and the Begum a fine view of the Rocky Mountains and America's West.

IN KANSAS

During his one day visit to Kansas City, "heart of America," on Saturday, they stayed at one of the most famous hotel suites in the world—the eleventh floor penthouse of the Hotel Muchlenbach.

This penthouse is known throughout America as the "temporary White House" for it was here in 1944 that Senator Harry Truman heard he had been elected Vice-President of the United States.

It was again in this penthouse suite on May 22, 1947, that Mr. Truman as President signed the Act authorising aid to Greece and Turkey.

Mr. Khan saw a plaque on the wall of the dining room commemorating this event.

And it was in the Hotel Muchlenbach that on November 3, 1948, Mr. Truman received the news of his dramatic victory in the presidential elections over Governor Dewey of New York.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan was received at the San Francisco airport by acting Mayor, James Leo Halley and Major-General Curtis O'Sullivan, who represented Mr. Earl Warren, Governor of California.

After inspecting the guard of honour of military police and taking the salute, during which the military police band played the Pakistan national anthem and the Star-Spangled Banner, the Prime Minister and the Begum were garlanded by Pakistani residents.

STUPENDOUS TASK AHEAD

Asaf Ali On The Elections

CUTTACK, May 15, (PTI): Mr. Asaf Ali, Governor of Orissa, in a speech after the swearing in of the new Ministers at Puri on May 12, referred to the forthcoming general elections which he described as "the biggest task" the Ministry had to face.

It would be a "stupendous task" with a vast number of voters, "most of whom have never known what an election is", the Governor said.

The speech was released to the Press today.

Referring to the departure of Mr. Mahatab, the Governor said: "You are likely to find a general feeling of a big gap caused by the absence of Shri Harekrishna Mahatab from the State. He was a man of untiring energy and people seemed to feel his presnce almost everywhere His was a sort of ubiquitous presence".

"I know that there is some amount of disappointment among the people, he said. "That kind of disappointment always exists, for no Government has ever been able to give hundred per cent satisfaction in the way of fulfilling its promises. Nevertheless, I expect that certain fundamental needs of the people will never be lost sight off".

The Governor assured the Chief Minister and the other Ministers that they could always rely on him as a personal friend, ready to share in ir troubles and worries and to offer such advice as he could, apart from his functions as a Governor of the State.

The Chief Minister, Mr. Nabakrishna Chaudhuri, thanked the Governor for his advice.

LONDON: Moscow Radio last night broadcast without comment a 100-word account of the communiques issued by the Foreign Ministers on their London talks It mentioned the "concern" shown by the Ministers regarding the situation in South-East Asia.

SYDNEY CONFERENCE OPENS

Mr. P. Spender Elected Chairman

BID TO RALLY FORCES AGAINST REDS

SYDNEY, May 15, (PTI-Reut

THE British Commonwealth conference to combat Communism in South and South-East Asia by providing economic aid to threatened countries opened here today.

Mr. Percy Spender, Australian External Affairs Minister and originator of the "Spender Plan" to give aid to the region, was elected chairman.

Delegates from India, Britain, Canada, New Zealand, Pakistan and Ceylon were present.

Officially the conference is a meeting of the Commonwealth Consultative Council set up after last January's Commonwealth Ministers' conference at Colombo.

Mr. Spender in his opening address to the conference said that South-East Asia was emerging as an area of importance in world affairs.

"It could not be said the situation in South-East Asia had altered favourably during intervening months since the Colombo conference," he said.

MORE URGENT

"The aims and objects we had in mind at Colombo talks have become all the more urgent.

"It is essential that we keep constantly in mind this background against which the economic situation in South and South-East Asia must be considered.

"During the post-war years we have all become only too well aware of the fact that determined and sustained influences are at work, not to decrease but to increase the degree of economic chaos in which the world found itself after the Second World War."

After thanking the conference for his election to the chairmanship, Mr. Spender said: "Commonwealth conferences underline our common interests and our common attitude on fundamental issues and tend to strengthen those bonds between us which have been tested in so many difficult and important elements in our relations with the rest of the world.

"I, therefore, welcome the delegations from the United Kingdom, Canada, New Zealand, India, Pakistan and Ceylon."

INDIA'S PLEA

Low standards of living and poverty in South-East Asia are conditions that must not be allowed to continue, said both the Indian and Pakistani delegates to the conference.

TRADE UNION BILL GOOD FOR LABOUR

Railmen's Approval

GAYA, May 15, (UPI): The second annual All India Convention of the Indian National Railway Workers Federation yesterday adopted a resolution approving of the Trade Union Bill and the Labour Relations Bill.

The resolution was moved by Shri Deven Sen, Secretary of the Asiatic Labour Federation.

The Convention recorded its appreciation of the attempt made by the Government of India to further protect the rights of workers and to improve the machinery for settlement of industrial disputes through the proposed legislations, viz., the Industrial Relations Bill and the Trade Union Bill.

Satisfaction was also expressed for provision of punishment in the Bills for the first time for unfair practices on the part of the employers and that heavier penalties had been proposed for non-implementation of the award by the employers.

The Conference at the same time viewed with "grave apprehension particularly the attempt to shut out from the purview of labour disputes, cases of dismissals of employees for no good cause; to disrupt the unity and integrity of the workers by curtailing the rights of certain categories and classes of workers from joining in a union with other categories and classes; to restrict the right of some categories of workers to have outsiders amongst their unions, or from going on strike, to create a new offence by making go-slow an illegal strike and to give the executive the right to revise and alter the award given by the tribunal and to engendering an tamosphere for litigation."

NEW UNION CHIEF

Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee and Shri G. Mapara were elected President and General Secretary, respectively of the Indian National Railway Workers Federation for next year at its annual conference held here yesterday.

Shri Hariharnath Shastri has been elected working President of the Federation.

Besides 35 members of the Executive Committee representing different railways of the country, including four vice-presidents, three secretaries and Treasurer, Shri Deben Sen, Shri Khandubhai Desai and Shri Kali Prasad Das were nominated to the Committee.

Aussies Want A Better And Bigger Navy

CANBERRA, May 15 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Government wanted to mould the Royal Australian Navy into the nucleus of a modern fighting force capable of operating alone or with other Commonwealth forces and their allies, Navy Minister Josiah Francis said yesterday.

Mr. Francis, broadcasting on national development, stressed Australia's need to establish the best defences she could.

"Only in this way will we be able to make a worthwhile contribution to the pooled resources of the British Commonwealth and allies who would come to our aid if an emergency arose," he added.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I HAPPENED to read, without the item making much of an impression on me at the time, a report about a man who cut off the tail of a king-cobra, and leaving the scene of the incident. The snake, it is said, followed him and hid in a hole near his house though it was several miles away. Others tried to get at the snake but for all their digging up the hole they could not find it. Nothing was said of the feelings of the man because naturally they can be well imagined. But it is comforting that the story does not work out to the rather obvious conclusion and, since the press has missed it in the first reports, it will be strange if there is a follow to the story. In a world where so much is happening every day, the petty, personal vendetta of one reptile is not of overpowering interest.

I have not the perspicacity to tell where the tail of a snake ends, though I have outgrown the stage when I thought a snake was all tail. Evidently the man in the story also did not know because, if he did, he would have struck higher. There is nothing gained by cutting off a snake's tail and much peace of mind can be lost. I remember reading a story once about a man's hand that was cut off, pickled and carried about by the executioner virtually on his person, which ended in bringing the hand's owner some thousands of miles. For nights I used to peep over my bed-sheet with ghastly visions of a wizened hand groping about. It was an impression as deep as the footprint which Robinson Crusoe saw with horror on the deserted island, made on him and me. But it occurs to me that had the tail-cutter preserved the dismembered part, he could have boldly walked up to the snake and said, "Well, here you are and here is your tail". It might be useful for the future. Even as things stand, I do not think that the snake has a legitimate grouse, if it would look at the incident from a human point of view. Apart from the temporary pain I concede that this must have been terrible — the snake has not suffered much, except loss of prestige. I almost used the phrase "loss of face" when I remembered that the reference here is to the other extremity. In fact, its alertness, desire for revenge, and tenacity of purpose have accrued after the loss of a part that is plainly superfluous. Many Americans, I am told, voluntarily have unoffending appendices removed because they do not want to be held back by an unessential part of the anatomy. There is room for wide investigation into the characteristics of tailless serpents as compared with those the complete reptile. Who knows? The king-cobra might be searching out its surgeon in order to thank him for the act and press a fee into his hand.

Kapurthala Broadcast

LONDON, May 15 (UPI): The Maharaja of Kapurthala will broadcast from the BBC Hindi service to India on May 18 at 3 p.m. GMT on 13 and 19 metres.

In his talk he will describe his activities in England, his impressions of the changes that had taken place in England during the last year and also about his long-standing friendship with the British royal family.

GOVERNMENT NOT COOPERATING

Prof. Ranga's Complaint About Red Menace

VIJAYAWADA, May 15, (UPI).

PROFESSOR N G. Ranga, President, Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, who is on a seven-day tour of the Communist-affected areas in Guntur district, visited on Saturday Peteru Repalle and other villages in Repalle Taluk. He was accompanied by Messrs. G. L. Narayana, G. Venkatappaiah and other local Congress leaders.

Addressing the villagers in various places, Prof. Ranga condemned the violence of the Communists, and said their activities had behind them a huge plan and political ambition of capturing power by violence. He strongly criticised the unco-operative and indifferent attitude of the Madras Government towards the various helpful suggestions made by the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee in the matter of tackling the Communist menace and providing protection to the villagers.

He said: "The Madras Ministry is not understanding the real significance of these planned activities of the Communists. The fact that a band of Communists had so daringly raided the Atchampet police station in Guntur district and taken away a good number of guns hardly within a week after the Chief Minister's visit to that place and the series of simultaneous visits to all those places is a challenge to our Government and its ability to safeguard the lives, honour and property of our people".

IRRESPONSIBLE

Referring to the recent statements made by some of the Madras Ministers that the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee had not been co-operating with the State Goernment, Prof Ranga said, "It is regrettable that the Madras Ministers should indulge in such irresponsible and far-from-truth statements. I challenge the Madras Ministers to let the people know when they sought the help or suggestions of the Andhra Congress Committee and when the Andhra Congress Committee refused such help On the other hand, the Provincial Congress Committee has been persistently warning the State Government of the danger of the Communist attacks.

"The Congress Seva Dal has been very actively co-operating with the local police in arresting the underground Communists. The Andhra Congress Committee offered to place all its trained Seva Dal officers and volunteers at the disposal of the State Government. It has also submitted a detailed scheme to the State Government in this connection. But the most sorrowful thing is that so far the State Government has not cared to say anything about it. The Andhra Congress Committee has been keeping the Deputy Prime Minister of India informed of all things in this State and Sardar Patel himself knows the role the Andhra Congress Committee is playing in the matter of checking the Communist menace In the face of all these things, how could the Madras Ministers say that the Provincial Congress Committee has not been co-operating?"

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Is Going To The Buttercup Bowl — By BUD FISHER

UNABLE TO FIND WORK AS A MAN-MUTT SENDS JEFF OUT TO LOOK FOR WORK AS A MAID
IF YOU HAVE SO MANY REFERENCES WHY DIDN'T YOU BRING THEM!
THEY'RE ALL LIKE MY PHOTOGRAPHS, MA'AM! NONE OF THEM DO ME JUSTICE!
WELL, YOU LOOK LIKE AN HONEST PERSON. HAVE YOU PATIENCE WITH CHILDREN!
OH, I LOVE CHILDREN!
YOU SEE, MY LAST MAID WAS VERY GOOD BUT I HAD TO GET RID OF HER! SHE COULDN'T GET ALONG WITH MY BUTTERCUP!
NO? WHY?
THE MAID LOST HER TEMPER EVERY TIME BUTTERCUP KICKED HER!
?
SHIN GUARDS

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.